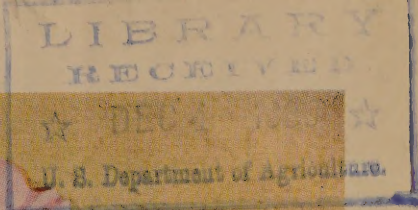


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A Book of

ROSES and FRUIT TREES

—from

ANDERSONS

The Way to Make a Rose Garden

First, remember that **QUALITY PAYS.**

Healthy, disease-free Rose Plants, true to name, correctly budded, and strongly rooted, as our stocks are, mean that you start the right way. You may be able to buy cheaper, but definitely not better, and the few pence difference in price makes itself apparent later, as our plants develop into sturdy Rose Trees. This is true economy.

WHAT VARIETIES TO SELECT

Those who do not know Roses will do well, in their early ventures, to concentrate on the more popular kinds—Etoile de Hollande, Sunny South, Daily Mail Scented, and others, well known even to people who are not keen gardeners. When the forms and habits of these types are familiar, the gardener will be able to venture into the newer sorts with more confidence.

HOW TO ORDER

We start the season with thousands of plants, but before long, some kinds are sold out. When this occurs, unless we have instructions to the contrary, the nearest to the kind ordered is substituted. To avoid disappointment, we strongly advise clients to name a substitute for each variety, or to stipulate "no substitutes."

BE SURE TO ORDER EARLY IN THE SEASON. The season extends from early May to early August, but Roses, grown on in pots, may be obtained from October to late November.

WHEN THE PLANTS ARRIVE

Immerse the parcel in water for ten minutes, then unwrap and inspect. If they are in perfect condition, rewrap in the wet paper until planting. If, through delay, the plants are dry and withered, open a trench a foot deep, and wide enough to take the plants, place them flat on the bottom, cover both roots and branches with a few inches of moist soil and leave them for four or five days. Then uncover carefully and plant at once.

WHERE TO GROW THEM

An open, sunny spot with ample sunshine is best. Sheltered, unless places mean poor, starved-looking plants and plenty of disease. Do not have beds too wide—five to six feet is ample width.

HOW TO PREPARE THE SOIL

Roses prefer a rather heavy loam with a well-drained sub-soil, but wonderful results may be achieved in the most unlikely soils provided they are correctly handled. Thin, sandy soils need to be well trenched, or deeply dug to about 18 inches, and plenty of thoroughly decayed cow or stable manure worked through the lower layer. If neither old manure nor decayed vegetable matter is available, use Peatmoss liberally, with some National Rose Food. Manure must not be placed where the roots will touch it until the plants are established. Fresh manure would be fatal. National Rose Food is a marvellous fertilizer, combining all the requirements of Rose Plants, and the preparation should be used by every Rose grower.

Heavy cold clay soils require draining. The addition of some light sandy loam and raw ground limestone helps a great deal. No rule can be laid down as to quantities of these—the soil in each garden being so different in constitution.

THE RIGHT WAY TO PLANT

Plant all types, with the exception of Standards, with the union of bud and stock about an inch below the surface.

Standards are planted the same depth as the mark shown on the stem.

Stakes for Standards should be driven in before the plants are placed.

Handle the plants carefully. Torn or broken roots should be cut with a sharp knife or secateurs. Dispose the roots in the hole in a downward and outward position, cover with fine soil, firm, then fill in the hole, tramp the soil, and water before bringing the level up to that of the surrounding ground.

DISTANCE APART

Standard Roses need six feet of space in which to develop.

Bush Roses, for garden effects, are placed 4 to 5 feet apart, but with hard pruning, even the ordinary varieties may be planted two or three feet apart.

Polyantha Roses should be 20 to 24 inches apart.

PESTS

No Rose without its thorn—strong, healthy plants are the best insurance against disease and loss, but sprays must be employed both for preventive and curative control.

Aphis and Green Fly are controlled with Katakilla or Alboleum (wet sprays) or Drymac (dust); Caterpillars with Arsinette; various scale pests yield to Alboleum; Black Spot and Mildew need Bordinette with Alboleum, or Colloidal Sulphur. For cleansing the soil, Anderson's Special Soil Sterilizer should be used 10 to 15 days before the Roses are planted.

Novelty Roses for 1939

All are Bush Roses except where it is definitely stated that they are Climbers.
The descriptions are those of the raisers.

Price: 4/- each, except where otherwise stated. Any 6 for 22/-.
Postage or Rail extra. See Page 12.

AMPERE (H.T.) (Meilland)—A very attractive bi-colour. Capucine red on the inside, paler towards the edges, the reverse is orange yellow shaded with carmine. The bloom is very large and double, sweetly scented, lasting well when cut. The bud is of good shape, borne on a long, strong stem. Growth is very vigorous and floriferous.

DICKSON'S BOUQUET (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons)—An intermingling of salmon, carmine and apricot blended with saffron. Flowers of medium size, full and very lasting. Excellent growth with long, wiry, upright stems, flowering in great profusion. Sweetly scented.

EMILE CRAMON (H.T.) (C. Chambard)—Bud copper red, opening to coppery carmine, shaded with chrome yellow. The bud is long opening to large bloom, which is carried erect. A vigorous growing rose with splendid, healthy dark green foliage.

FRIENDSHIP (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons)—Bright strawberry red with a brilliant scarlet undertone. Blooms moderately full with large solid petals and delightful form. Splendid growth of ideal bushy bedding type and extremely prolific with pronounced old rose scent.

GOLDEN QUEEN (H.T.) (C. Chambard)—Bud deep yellow, lightly shaded carmine, and of beautiful shape, opening to large, full flowers of handsome form and a rich pure yellow chrome colour. The growth is very vigorous and of good branching habit and flowers very freely.

HECTOR DEANE (H.T.) (McGredy)—As the bloom starts to unfurl, it shows a combination of orange, cochineal, carmine and salmon pink, flushed and veined saffron yellow at the base. The buds are long and pointed, and the blooms of medium size and delightfully scented. The habit of growth is free and branching, and the blooms are carried on long, reddish green stems with few thorns. **Stock limited, 5/-.**

HOME SWEET HOME (H.T.) (Wood & Ingram)—Pure, rich velvety pink, soft and pleasing in effect which lasts well until the petals drop. The stems are stiff, holding the beautifully full flower upright, the petals having plenty of substance. Its perfume is sweet, and the blooms last well when cut. Growth is strong and vigorous with good foliage.

JOAN ANDERSON (Hybrid Polyantha)—A distinct and beautiful acquisition to this class raised in our own nursery. It is a sport from Mevr. van Straaten van Nes, and the colour is a bright, clean pink with deeper pink on the reverse of the petal. The petals are pencilled and splashed with bright carmine, and are crimped and waved like the parent, but in a slightly lesser degree, which gives a charming effect. The blooms are borne in clusters freely throughout the season. The growth, foliage and habit are similar to the parent, all combining to make a Rose which should become popular when known. 2/6 each, 27/- dozen. **Illustrated on front cover**—top centre.

LADY CAHN (Gaujard)—Is an excellent Rose for the garden and for cutting. Buds are long, of good form, opening to blooms of a rich apricot yellow colour with dark veining, and the habit of plant strongly resembles Comtesse Vandal. The stems are strong, vigorous and upright, with good foliage.

LAWRENCE OF ARABIA (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons)—Indian yellow flushed coppery rose. Large, full, pointed flower with big, heavy petals. The growth is strong, bushy and upright, of good bedding type. A new Rose of distinction, particularly good in the Autumn.

LEMANIA (H.T.) (Heizmann)—Red, with a blackish velvet sheen; exterior very deep red. The very large, full flower is of superb form and greatest elegance. The bud is very dark, giving the impression of a black Rose. The growth is very vigorous and disease resistant foliage.

LILETTE MALLERIN (H.T.) (Mallerin)—Fresh crimson pink, with the reverse of the petals soft, creamy yellow—an attractive and pleasing colour combination. The buds are long and pointed and the flowers decorative and fairly full. The growth is strong and healthy with good foliage.

MDM. HENRI GUILLOT (Mallerin)—The colour is deep salmon pink with an orange glow on the reverse and base of the petals. Perfectly built buds of good form open to large, round, more or less, flat flowers, like a camellia when fully open. Very free flowering, healthy, strong bushes.

The Flowers on the front cover are:

Top centre: **JOAN ANDERSON.** (See this page.)

Lower right: **MEVR. VAN STRAATEN VAN NES.** (See Page 11.)

Lower left: **ORANGE TRIUMPH.** (See Page 2.)

NOVELTY ROSES FOR 1939—(continued).

ORANGE TRIUMPH (Hybrid Polyantha) (W. Kordes)—A true seedling, best described as a dwarf-growing Pauls' Scarlet with a distinct orange shading. A wonderfully free flowering Rose producing large clusters of blooms continuously throughout the season. The foliage is glossy and disease-proof, and a great future is predicted for this Rose. 2/6 each, 27/- per dozen.

Illustrated on front cover—
lower left.

PATRICK ANDERSON (H.T.) (McGredy)

—The colour is a deep rose pink of pronounced beauty and charm. The bud is high centred and perfectly formed, opening to a large and beautiful flower. The petals are of stiff texture, making a bloom of full exhibition size. The growth is strong, vigorous and upright, with dark, bronzy-green foliage. Delightfully fragrant.

Stock limited, 5/-.

VAINQUEUR (H.T.) (Heizmann)—

Flower is dark blood red, very large and full and sweetly scented. The bud is of beautiful form, carried singly on long, erect stems. The growth is very strong with splendid foliage and very floriferous.

STANDARD ROSES

A great deal of confusion exists about "Standard Roses."

Straight, clean, briar stems, 30 or 36 inches long, are selected, and budded with the most popular Dwarf or Bush varieties. In due course, at the top of the stem, a neat, rounded, shapely head is formed, bearing, in season, blooms of the same colour and form as appear on the Dwarf kind.

Standard Roses are ideal for formal gardens. They are also specially valuable where space is limited as their erect habit allows of annuals being planted close to the stem. Indeed, in hot districts, it is advisable to protect the long briar stem from wind and sunburn by planting such tall growing annuals as Zinnias, Antirrhinums, etc.

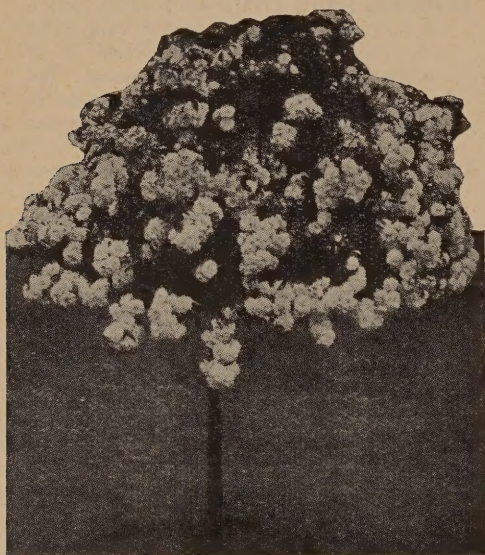
A list of varieties available as Standards will be sent on application.

FULL STANDARDS (36 inch stem)**THREE-QUARTER STANDARDS (30 inch stem)**

4/- each; 6 for 22/-; 12 for 44/-.

Freight extra. See Page 12.

Standard Roses cannot be sent by post owing to their length, and therefore must be shipped or railed.



TYPICAL STANDARD POLYANTHA ROSE

Standard Polyantha Roses are a vision of colourful beauty for practically the whole year round.

Standard Polyantha Roses

Price: 4/- each; 44/- dozen.

Freight extra. See Page 12.

We have a limited supply of some of the Polyantha Roses budded on suitable briars; these make very beautiful plants. The following varieties are available: Ellen Poulsen, Gloria Mundi, Goldachs, Ideal, Rufus, Orleans. (For descriptions, refer to Polyantha Section.)

AVAILABLE FROM LATE MAY OR EARLY JUNE.

We strongly advise early ordering, even though you do not wish delivery until a later date. Reserve orders are placed aside in the Nursery awaiting forwarding instructions.

Recently Introduced Roses

All are Bush Roses except where it is definitely stated that they are Climbers.

Price: 2/- each, 22/- per doz. Postage extra. See Page 12.

- ANNA NEAGLE** (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Sons)—Medium sized blooms of bright currant red of exceptional brilliance, base of petals sun-flower yellow. Full, shapely flowers, carried on long, stiff stems. Growth is very branching; foliage dark green and mildew proof.
- ARMENIE** (H.T.) (E. Buatois)—Buds of garnet purple open to large, full, sweetly scented flowers of blood red shaded with rich crimson. Growth is vigorous and free-flowering.
- BRASIER** (Ch. Mallerin)—Long buds of red with dark flames open to blooms of glowing red as in a brasier, thus giving rise to the name. Exceptionally vigorous and free flowering; dark green, disease resistant foliage.
- CHAPLIN'S TRIUMPH** (H.T.) (Chaplin Bros.)—The long, perfectly formed buds open to full, rich, deep crimson blooms. Sweetly scented. Strong, vigorous growth; good, dark green foliage.
- CLIMBING BETTY UPRICHARD** (Max Krause)—A vigorous climbing sport of the popular salmon pink Dwarf of the same name. A valuable addition.
- DICKSON'S PERFECTION** (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons)—Full, moderately formed blooms of shrimp pink, heavily overlaid with glowing madder orange; orange-yellow buds. Sweetly scented; growth strong and floriferous.
- ELITE** (H.T.) (M. Tantau)—Flowers of glowing rose with orange shading, are full, very well formed and sweetly scented. A splendid variety for garden or cutting.
- GIRONA** (P. Dot.)—Rose-pink, yellow and red, resembling the delightful colour combination of Talisman. Pointed buds open to full, sweetly scented blooms. Habit is free, over a long flowering season; growth vigorous with shiny, disease-resistant foliage.
- GOLDEN DRUSCHKI** (H.P.) (P. Lambert)—Flowers are large, full, perfectly shaped and of clear golden yellow colour, fading to paler yellow when full or in hot weather. Excellent for exhibition, garden or cutting.
- JHR. C. SANDBERG** (H.T.) (G. Buisman)—Blooms of Indian yellow are of fine shape, moderately large, sweetly scented. Strong, upright free growth and perpetual flowering.
- KING GEORGE'S MEMORIAL** (H.T.) (J. Bohm)—Strong, vigorous growth; flowers deep crimson with dark, velvety purple shading; large, full, sweetly scented blooms.
- LA PARISIENNE** (Ch. Mallerin)—Long buds of flaming coral open to large, fairly full, shapely blooms of golden coral. Free, vigorous growth; good healthy foliage.
- LLEIDA** (P. Dot.)—Large, sweetly scented flowers, fine quality; outside yellow, inside rich copper-red. Foliage large and abundant; growth vigorous. Fine for cutting.
- MADAME EDOUARD ESTAUNIE** (H.T.) (E. Buatois)—Very long buds open to large, full, beautifully shaped blooms of Nankeen yellow, shaded red in the centre, flesh tints on tips and reverse. Very vigorous and free-flowering.
- MADGE WHIPP** (H.T.) (Bees Ltd.)—Fine, large blooms of glowing crimson and fiery scarlet with splendid sheen. Sweetly scented flowers are carried on unusually long stems. Sturdy growth and disease-resistant foliage.
- MCGREDY'S SUNSET** (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Sons)—Full, shapely, medium sized blooms of clear buttercup yellow outside, inside chrome yellow at base shading to bright scarlet. Colour intensifies as the bloom expands; growth strong and vigorous.
- ORANGE GLORY** (H.T.) (M. Leenders)—Medium sized buds open to full, fragrant flowers of magnificent orange. Forms a shapely plant of free-flowering habit. A first-class garden Rose.
- PALACKY** (H.T.) (J. Bohm)—Splendidly formed buds open to large, beautifully shaped blooms of orange-yellow. Quite up to exhibition standard.
- REX ANDERSON** (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Sons)—Enormous blooms of pale lemon-yellow, shaded gold at the base; perfect form on long, stiff stems. Exceptionally free and vigorous with splendid disease-resistant foliage. Ideal for garden and exhibition.
- ROCHEFORT** (Ch. Mallerin)—Sweetly scented flowers of yellow, coral reverse, are very large and full. Foliage healthy and disease resistant and growth fairly strong and vigorous.
- ROTARY LYON** (H.T.) (C. Chambard)—Very long, shapely buds open to large cup-shaped blooms. Inside old gold, shaded carmine, outside yellow lightly shaded carmine. Growth strong and shapely, straight branches and few thorns.
- SAM MCGREDY** (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Sons)—Buds of honey yellow, expand to flowers of deep cream; sunflower yellow at base. Enormous flowers with high-pointed centre. Strong branching growth with sturdy upright stems and mildew-proof foliage.
- S. & M. PERRIER** (Ch. Mallerin)—Beautifully shaped flowers of pale satin rose with gold reflex, are large and full. Exquisite bud. Vigorous habit; strong wood; large, healthy, dark green foliage.
- SILVER JUBILEE** (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons)—Light, golden-yellow blooms, large, full and of perfect shape with chrome yellow base, outside shaded light rose. Hardy, vigorous growth; often up to exhibition standard.
- SWEETNESS** (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons)—Pointed buds open to large, full flowers of perfect spiral form; apricot on light yellow ground, shaded with light rosy cerise, paling with age. Delightfully fragrant. Handsome glossy green foliage of vigorous growth.
- THE BISHOP** (H.T.) (A. Dickson & Sons)—Bright crimson red, full, moderately large flowers of excellent quality; sweet, true old-rose fragrance. Ideal bedding rose; erect, bushy, very free.
- VISCOUNTESS CHARLEMONT** (H.T.) (S. McGredy & Sons)—Buds of salmon-rose shade to satin rose-pink in large full blooms of good shape and strong perfume; base deep buttercup yellow. Growth vigorous and branching.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES

The Roses comprising this list are all among the very best grown, and are all suitable for Australian conditions. A succession of good flowers may be obtained throughout the growing season by cutting back the flowering branches to within an eye or two of the old wood.

When ordering Roses, some people call ordinary BUSH Roses "STANDARD," to distinguish them from climbing varieties. This is not correct. Standard Roses are those having straight main stems 3 ft. high, with a shapely branching head on top. These are budded on specially prepared long briar stocks; hence the higher price of 4/- each, or 44/- per dozen.

BUSH Roses are the ordinary Dwarf Garden Roses, and are priced at 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Postage extra. See Page 12.

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN DESCRIBING CLASS OF ROSE:

H.P. (Hybrid Perpetual)—Chiefly Spring blooming, and sometimes in the Autumn should good rains follow a dry Summer. Very hardy, and can stand a fair amount of frost.
T. (Tea-scented)—Fairly hardy, but will not stand as much frost as H.P.

H.T. (Hybrid Tea)—Class between H.P. and T., but so inter-crossed that it is at times hard to classify correctly. Everblooming and hardy.

Per. (Pernetiana)—Mostly in brilliant colours. Strong growers in dry inland and cold climates, but inclined to die back in the warm, humid districts.

White and Light Shades

Caledonia (H.T.)—Pure white of splendid size and formation. Strong, upright growth; mildew-proof foliage. Good garden and exhibition variety.

Clarice Goodacre (H.T.)—Beautiful long buds on stiff stems, open to fairly full blooms of clear white with yellow suffusion. Vigorous. Good for garden and exhibition.

Elegante (H.T.)—Creamy yellow, scented blooms of good form; free flowering, vigorous growth; spreading habit. Recommended.

Elizabeth Arden (H.T.)—Delightfully shaped, sweetly scented flowers of pure white. Free blooming; vigorous growth. Exhibition form.

Everest (H.T.)—An enormous rose of good form, white suffused cream. Vigorous; suitable for exhibition.

Frau Karl Druschki (H.T.)—Shapely flowers of purest white; very strong grower; one of the best.

Hugo Roller (T.)—Rich lemon-yellow, petals edged crimson, shapely medium size. Medium grower.

Kaiserin Augusta Viktoria (H.T.)—Creamy white, large, perfect form. Vigorous.

Konigin Luise (H.T.)—Large, shapely flowers of white, sometimes tinted green. Show rose.

Lord Rossmore (H.T.)—Large, shapely blooms of creamy white, shaded pink.

Louise Crette (H.P.)—Very large, shapely blooms, white with cream centre; show rose.

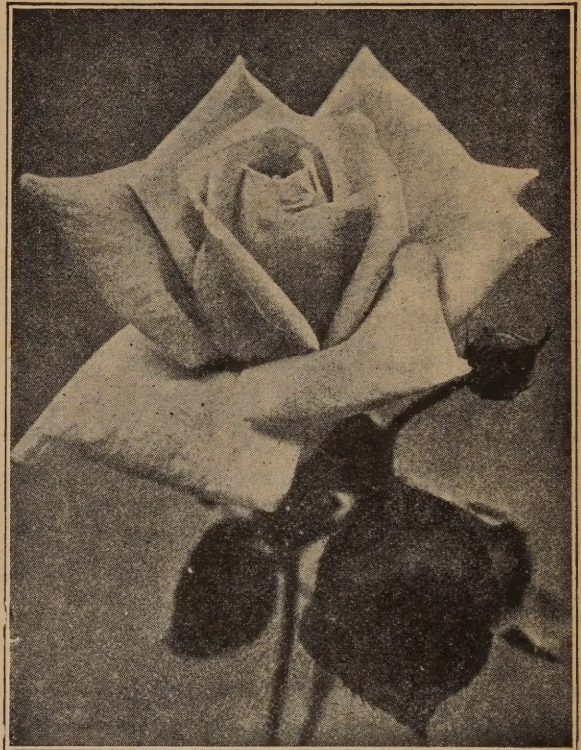
Madame Jules Bouche (H.T.)—Creamy white, flushed salmon. Good garden rose. Recommended.

Madame Louis Lens (H.T.)—Perfectly formed crystal white flowers; strong, free branching habit. Profuse blooming.

Marie Van Houtte (T.)—Large, full blooms of cream edged rose and peach. Very free.

Molly Sharman-Crawford (T.)—Delicate eau-de-nil white, perfumed. Strong grower.

Mother's Day (H.T.)—Large, full, shapely blooms of eau-de-nil white, sometimes flushed pink. Vigorous, erect, branching growth. Exhibition standard.



HYBRID-TEA ROSES ARE HARDY AND FREE FLOWERING.

Mrs. Charles Lamplough (H.T.)—Full, shapely large blooms of soft lemon yellow. Good for garden or exhibition.

Mrs. Harold Brocklebank (H.T.)—Cream white, buff centre, golden-yellow base. Suitable for show or garden.

Mrs. H. Stevens (T.)—Splendid white, long-pointed buds. One of the best.

Mrs. H. R. Darlington (H.T.)—Creamy white, pale yellow centre. Perfumed.

Mrs. Mackellar (H.T.)—Citron yellow, shaded primrose. Large, fairly full shapely blooms with reflexed petals. Vigorous. Good exhibition rose.

Phoebe (H.T.)—Full, shapely blooms of cream with deeper centre. Long stems; upright, fairly vigorous growth.

White Ensign (H.T.)—Pure white, suffused cream. Dainty. Splendid garden rose.

White Maman Cochet (T.)—Splendid white form of the celebrated pink Maman Cochet.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES—(continued).

Yellow and Copper Shades

- Albert Maumene** (Per.)—Oval buds of carrot-red, shaded copper, open to large, full flowers of red, shaded copper and orange. Sweetly scented. Strong grower. Valuable decorative.
- Alexander Hill Gray** (T.)—Lemon yellow, shapely blooms. Garden or exhibition rose.
- Angele Pernet** (Per.)—Vivid orange-yellow, shaded fiery red and deep reddish apricot. Outside gold. Semi-double.
- Autumn** (Per.)—Moderately sized flowers of orange, streaked crimson and red. Stiff stems. Fairly vigorous.
- Busybody** (H.T.)—Shapely buds open to rich, orange yellow flowers. Bushy compact growth; bright healthy foliage. Free.
- Canary** (H.T.)—Clear golden yellow buds, open to canary yellow, paling to white. Sweetly scented; very free branching; upright, strong growth.
- Caress** (H.T.)—Long buds open to moderately full flower, pale buttercup yellow, tinted rose and carmine. Very distinctive. Fragrant. Upright growth; prolific long-flowering period.
- Comtesse Vandal** (H.T.)—Buds reddish copper with golden bronze; inside salmon with golden base; reverse deep coral. Very vigorous and floriferous.
- Condesa de Sastago** (Per.)—Golden yellow buds open to shapely blooms of coppery red inside, golden yellow outside. Fragrant, erect, vigorous growth.
- Duchess of Wellington** (H.T.)—Saffron yellow, stained crimson. Long buds; fragrant.
- Effekt** (H.T.)—Inside scarlet red; outside flushed golden yellow. Fine garden rose; compact shapely bushes. Free growth.
- Faience** (H.T.)—Well-formed flowers of peach and apricot, reverse pure yellow. Strong habit; green leathery foliage.
- Feu Pernet Ducher** (H.T.)—Long buds open to large, fully double blooms of deep yellow, lightly marked rose on outer petals. Shapely, often to exhibition standard. Exceptionally free flowering, vigorous growth.
- Georges Schwartz** (T.)—Deep canary yellow.
- Georges Chesnel** (Per.)—Medium-sized flowers of golden rose with orange-yellow base. Shapely blooms; handsome bronze-green foliage.
- Golden Dawn** (H.T.)—Buds rich sunflower yellow, heavily flushed old rose. Sweetly tea scented. Splendid garden rose.
- Golden Emblem** (Per.)—Reddish golden buds open to beautifully bright cadmium yellow blooms. Makes splendid standard. Moderate growth.
- Golden Ophelia** (H.T.)—Golden yellow, medium sized blooms of perfect form. Very free. Excellent garden rose.
- Goldense Mainz** (H.T.)—Buds sunny yellow with red stripes; open blooms, full. Very strong tea scent.
- Guiseppe Motta** (H.T.)—Inside flesh to satin pink, outside brilliant reddish yellow. Highly perfumed flowers, large and semi-double. Splendid bedding rose.
- Heinrich Wendland** (Per.)—Inside vivid Nasturtium red, outside deep golden yellow. Pointed buds open to large full blooms. Moderate growth.
- Irish Elegance** (H.T.)—Single flowers of bronzy orange. Vigorous grower.
- Irish Fireflame** (H.T.)—Deep madder orange, splashed, crimson; single; perfumed.
- Joanna Hill** (H.T.)—Outside clear sulphur yellow, inside deeper yellow flushed pink. Strong grower.
- Julien Potin** (Per.)—Most gorgeous brilliant yellow. Shapely, sweetly scented. Very free flowering; upright vigorous growth; bronzy-green foliage.
- Lady Hillingdon** (T.)—Orange-yellow pointed buds; flowers freely; best in cool districts. Good garden rose.
- Lady Huntingfield** (H.T.)—Moderately large blooms of gold; very strong; free flowering.
- Lady Roberts** (T.)—Reddish-apricot on copper-red base. Shapely, medium-sized blooms. Good grower.
- Leontine Contenot** (H.T.)—Long-pointed buds open to magnificent blooms of sunflower yellow, slightly suffused vivid pink; erect vigorous growth; good foliage; free flowering.
- Lucie Marie** (H.T.)—Pointed buds open to full, shapely blooms of buttercup yellow, washed and veined apricot-orange, shaded salmon cerise. Sweetly scented, vigorous, upright growth; free branching habit; profuse continuous blooming.
- Luis Brinas** (H.T.)—Lovely pointed orange-copper buds; opening to soft old rose, flushed gold. Continuous display; upright vigorous growth.
- Madame Edouard Herriot** (Per.)—Beautifully full blooms of terra cotta. Very free flowering; moderate growth.
- Madame Joseph Perraud** (P.)—Buds Nasturtium orange, changing to buff, edged pink. Large, full sweetly perfumed flowers; excellent growth and habit.
- Madame Nicholas Aussel** (Per.)—Splendid flowers of rich coppery orange. Exhibition form; good growth.
- Madame Pierre S. Du Pont** (H.T.)—Large sweetly scented flowers of intense yellow, shaded ochre. Long buds on erect stems. Vigorous, erect, free branching growth.
- Maison Pernet Ducher** (P.)—Long buds, full, perfect flowers of clear orange, shaded copper. Disease-resistant; splendid for cutting.
- McGredy's Peach** (H.T.)—Large, full, shapely flowers of creamy yellow, washed salmon. Tea perfume. Very upright, vigorous growth; disease resistant.
- McGredy's Wonder** (H.T.)—Long-pointed blooms of rich glowing copper-orange fading to old gold, deeper on the outside. Growth moderate; upright; blooms profusely. Ideal bedding rose.
- McGredy's Yellow** (H.T.)—Large, bright buttercup yellow flowers of perfect form, sweetly scented. Excellent bedding and exhibition rose. Growth upright, disease free.
- Mevr. G. A. Van Rossem** (Per.)—Dark golden yellow ground, heavily flamed and shaded orange and apricot.
- Mrs. Aaron Ward** (H.T.)—Medium sized, full blooms of Indian yellow with deeper centre; free flowering; moderate growth.
- Mrs. A. R. Wardell** (H.T.)—Very long buds of salmon apricot. Tea scented. Splendid grower. Good garden rose.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES—(continued).

Mrs. Dunlop-Best (H.T.)—Shapely buds of red-dish apricot with copper yellow base; large, semi-double scented flowers. Vigorous growth; mildew resistant. Excellent garden rose.

Mrs. Edward Laxton (H.T.)—Old rose and flaming orange. Shapely blooms. Splendid disease-resistant growth of free-flowering habit. Excellent garden rose. Unique.

Norman Lambert (H.T.)—Outside rich buttercup yellow; inside salmon orange suffused bronze. Large, full, shapely scented blooms.

Padre (H.T.)—Copper-scarlet buds open to copper-salmon and salmon-pink; semi-double blooms.

Perle Des Jardins (T.)—Straw yellow with orange-yellow centre, large, full blooms.

Phyllis Gold (H.T.)—Shapely buds of pure non-fading yellow open to splendid blooms of great substance. Vigorous, upright growth; branching habit.

Professor Deaux (Per.)—Long-pointed buds open to full well-formed sweetly scented blooms of golden yellow striped yellow. Growth vigorous and free.

Pres. H. Hoover (H.T.)—Inside deep salmon flush; outside claret red marked crimson. Disease resistant; fragrant.

Pres. Van Oost (H.T.)—Buds yellow-orange, opening to large golden-yellow flowers; vigorous and free flowering.

Queen Astrid (H.T.)—Buds of Persian yellow open to flowers of reddish apricot and bronze. Large, full, fragrant blooms on long strong stems. Splendid growth.

Rev. F. Page Roberts (H.T.)—Large, shapely blooms of deep golden yellow, overlaid and veined coppery orange on reflex; fragrant. Vigorous, disease-free growth.

Richard E. West (H.T.)—Large, semi-double blooms of cadmium yellow, paler reflex. Fragrant.

Roselandia (H.T.)—Fragrant blooms of perfect form, yellow marked carmine. Vigorous grower.

Sir Henry Seagrave (H.T.)—Large, shapely bud of primrose yellow, chrome base. Opens to full flower; vigorous, hardy growth; perfumed.

Shining Sun (H.T.)—Half-opened flowers of clear yolk yellow, soft peach tint outside. Full flowers golden yellow shading to dark old gold. Vigorous growth; dark glossy bronze foliage. Excellent for cutting.

Souvenir (H.T.)—Very shapely buds, full blooms of deep golden yellow. Extremely vigorous and free flowering.

Souv. de Claudius Pernet (Per.)—Rich, sunflower yellow that does not fade.

Souv. de Denier Van Der Gon (H.T.)—Orange-yellow, shaded coppery-red passing to golden yellow. Large, shapely blooms of exquisite perfume. Vigorous, erect habit; very floriferous.

Souv. de H. A. Verschuren (H.T.)—Cadmium yellow, passing to orange yellow.

Souv. de Stella Grey (T.)—Deep orange with splashes of yellow, apricot, salmon and crimson. Strong tea scent; medium-sized blooms; mildew proof.

Souv. de Madame Boulet (H.T.)—Dark cadmium yellow; richly tea scented; one of the very best golden decoratives.

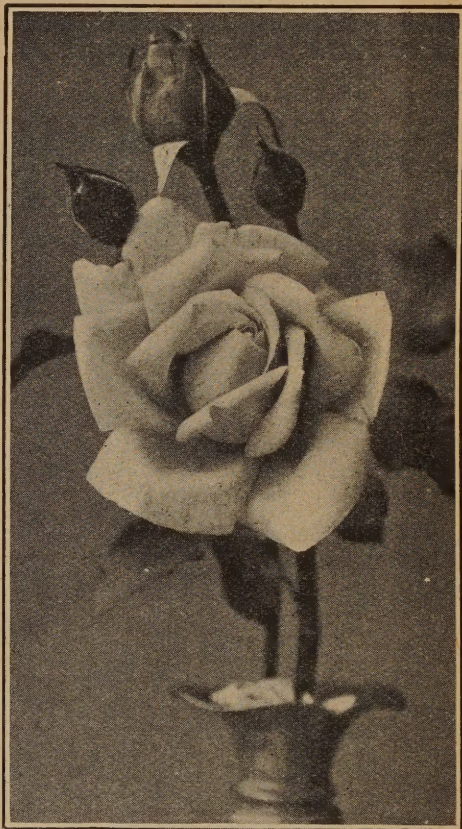
Sunburst (H.T.)—Cadmium yellow, orange-yellow centre; large cupped form.

Sunstar (H.T.)—Deep orange and yellow, edged crimson.

Talisman (H.T.)—Scarlet, pink, copper and gold in most distinct attractive shadings; exquisite bud. Vigorous grower.

Texas Gold (H.T.)—Deep yellow with slight red flush outside.

Wilhelm Breder (H.T.)—Large, full flowers of copper orange, lightly flushed red. Glossy green healthy foliage; vigorous growth.



ROSES FOR ELEGANCE, BEAUTY AND PERFUME

Pink, Rose and Carmine

Ambassador (H.T.)—Salmon pink with decided orange flush at base of petals. Highly recommended.

America (H.T.)—Long-pointed buds open to fragrant rose-pink flowers.

Antoine Rivoire (H.T.)—Large camellia-shaped blooms of rosy flesh. Good for garden and exhibition.

Betty Uprichard (H.T.)—Delicate salmon to carmine and glowing crimson reverse with copper sheen. Medium-sized flowers, sweetly scented. Very vigorous, erect branching habit. Free flowering.

Briarcliff (H.T.)—Blooms of bright even pink; long buds. Vigorous grower; mildew-proof foliage. Sweetly scented.

Columbia (H.T.)—Rich rose-pink blooms. Vigorous disease-resistant foliage. Recommended.

Countess of Gosford (H.T.)—Salmon pink, base of petals yellow; perfect.

Dame Edith Helen (H.T.)—Pure old rose tinted light carmine; rich perfume. Ideal exhibition rose.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES—(continued).

- Dainty Bess** (H.T.)—Charming single pale pink blooms—in cool weather, salmon. Prominent centre of crimson and gold stamens. Recommended.
- Duchess of Sutherland** (H.T.)—Delicate warm rose pink; large, sweetly scented; good for garden or exhibition. Strong grower.
- Edith Nellie Perkins** (H.T.)—Outside light Orient red shaded cerise with orange base, inside salmon; shapely scented blooms; vigorous.
- Editor Macfarland** (H.T.)—Bright rose-shaded salmon and capucine red; large, shapely flowers. Vigorous; of exhibition standard.
- Elli Knab** (H.T.)—Ovoid pointed buds. Very large blooms of bright pink; extremely strong, disease resistant.
- Ethel Somerset** (H.T.)—Shrimp pink with edges of coral. Exquisite shapely blooms, sweetly scented.
- Fascination** (H.T.)—Rosy cerise, shaded yellow; fruit scented; extremely vigorous, recommended.
- Frazer Annesley** (H.T.)—Long-pointed blooms, inside cochineal carmine, golden yellow base; outside saffron. Habit free.
- Fred Walker** (H.T.)—Buds of coral red, full flowers of old rose flushed gold; shapely tea-perfumed blooms.
- George Arends** (H.P.)—Large, clear pink sweetly scented blooms; vigorous.
- Gisele Alday** (H.T.)—Long buds open to large flesh pink flowers, suffused orange. Free flowering; dark green disease-resistant foliage; vigorous upright growth.
- Hilda** (H.T.)—Large, full, globular flowers of bright carmine, inner petals lighter. Growth vigorous. Fine garden rose.
- John C. M. Mensing** (H.T.)—Shapely blooms of salmon pink with buff centre. Splendid garden and cutting variety.
- Jonkheer J. L. Mock** (H.T.)—Large, shapely, highly perfumed blooms of carmine.
- Korovo** (H.T.)—Large, full flowers of peach blossom and old rose. Growth vigorous.
- Lady Ashtown** (H.T.)—Shapely blooms of deep rose, shaded yellow at base. Vigorous grower. Excellent garden and show rose.
- Lady Sylvia** (H.T.)—Soft, clear pink blooms. Clean, vigorous grower.
- Laurent Carle** (H.T.)—Delightfully fragrant blooms of velvety carmine. Highly recommended.
- Leading Lady** (H.T.)—Clear, flesh pink flushed peach-blossom rose, with satiny glow. Perfumed. Disease-resistant foliage.
- Lorraine Lee** (H.G.)—Buds of salmon rose open to medium-sized semi-double blooms of paler shade. Wonderfully free-flowering decorative. Moderate growth.
- Los Angeles** (Per.)—Luminous flame pink, toned coral and gold at base. Long-pointed bud.
- Mabel Turner** (H.T.)—Large, well-formed flowers of deep salmon.
- Madame Abel Chatenay** (H.T.)—Pale flesh, shaded rose; free flowering.
- Madame Butterfly** (H.T.)—Bright pink, apricot and gold; highly recommended.
- Madame Jules Grolez** (H.T.)—Well-formed blooms of brilliant China rose; very free flowering. Moderate grower.
- Madame Second Weber** (H.T.)—Rosy salmon blooms, large and shapely.
- Maman Cochet** (T.)—Blush rose, shaded carmine and salmon.
- McGredy's Pink** (H.T.)—Sweetly scented blooms of bright rose, fading a little with age; large, perfect form.
- Memory** (H.T.)—Long-pointed buds open to very large, double, light pink blooms with silvery reflexes. Yellow at base.
- Mrs. A. R. Barraclough** (H.T.)—Sparkling carmine-pink, shading to yellow; good size, perfect form and sweetly scented. Good show rose.
- Mrs. Bryce Allen** (H.T.)—Carmine rose. Delicious perfume. Good grower; recommended.
- Mrs. C. J. Bell** (H.T.)—Delicate shell pink blooms. Sweet perfume. Attractive; recommended.
- Mrs. Geo. Geary** (H.T.)—Rich pink blooms, sometimes deepening to bright red; large, full. Exhibition.
- Mrs. Geo. Shawyer** (H.T.)—Shapely, semi-double, rosy pink blooms. Good garden and exhibition variety.
- Mrs. William C. Egan** (H.T.)—Large, well-formed blooms of light, soft pink. Free flowering; growth, moderate to vigorous.
- My Maryland** (H.T.)—Rich salmon pink; large, full, shapely blooms; free flowering. Suitable for garden or exhibition.
- Oliver Mee** (H.T.)—Deep salmon, heavily flushed clear fawn. Sweetly scented.
- Ophelia** (H.T.)—Salmon flesh, shaded rose. Delightfully fragrant; recommended.
- Picture** (H.T.)—Medium-sized buds open to clear rose-pink, perfectly formed flowers. Ideal for garden, bedding or cutting. Growth sturdy and free.
- President Marcia** (H.T.)—Large, full, fragrant flowers of rose-neyron red, shaded salmon-flesh on reverse. Dark, olive-green foliage.
- Queensland Beauty** (H.T.)—Buds deep pink, open flower lighter. Tea perfumed. Splendid growth. Recommended.
- Radiance** (H.T.)—Large, clear rose flowers with brilliant dark carmine reverse; very free. Perfumed.
- Rapture** (H.T.)—Medium-sized flowers of deep pink. Splendid habit of growth. Recommended.
- Rose Berkeley** (H.T.)—Deep rosy salmon-pink, suffused orange, yellow base; large, full, shapely blooms; growth vigorous, bushy, branching. Garden or exhibition.
- Rose Marie** (H.T.)—Shining rose-pink; fragrant. Ideal garden rose.
- Ruby Manwaring** (H.T.)—Rich, rosy-cerise with delicate striping, fragrant. Splendid variety.
- Shot Silk** (H.T.)—Bright cherry cerise, over-shot with salmon-orange, flushed rose. Deep veined, clear buttercup yellow base. Recommended.
- Sunny South** (H.T.)—Lovely rose-pink flushed carmine on yellow base. Makes splendid tall hedge. Highly recommended.
- Una Wallace** (H.T.)—Cherry rose, without shading.
- Warrawee** (H.T.)—Extra long-pointed buds of clear rosy salmon, open to silvery pink blooms.
- William Moore** (H.T.)—Perfect blooms of carmine-pink, deepening with age. Perfect shape, sweetly scented, large and full. Splendid habit. Disease resistant. Ideal bedding and exhibition.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES—(continued).

Red, Scarlet and Crimson

Amalia Jung (H.T.)—Large, highly perfumed blooms of brilliant crimson-red. Vigorous growth, magnificent.

Barcelona (H.T.)—Long-pointed buds; large, full blooms of dark carmine crimson, black velvety shadings. Highly perfumed. Growth strong, vigorous.

Better Times (H.T.)—Full, sweetly scented blooms of brilliant cerise. Dark green healthy foliage; vigorous growth.

Cathrine Kordes (H.T.)—Long-pointed buds; large shapely flowers of scarlet with dark crimson shades; vigorous growth.

Chas. P. Kilham (H.T.)—Brilliant orange orient-red, suffused glowing scarlet.

Earl Haig (H.T.)—Large, globular, somewhat flat blooms of reddish crimson. Scented; strong grower.

E. G. Hill (H.T.)—Dazzling scarlet shading to deeper pure red as it develops. Exquisite bud and bloom. Splendid growth. Wonderful cutting rose.

Elizabeth of York (H.T.)—Rich, deep cerise pink. Most distinct. Vigorous, healthy foliage; highly recommended.

Etoile de Hollande (H.T.)—Dark red buds open to non-fading blooms of rich bright red; very sweetly scented. Strong erect growth; free branching habit. Well recommended.

Federico Casas (H.T.)—Very large pointed red buds, flowers open red and yellow; intensely fragrant. Growth vigorous, bushy.

Francis Scott Key (H.T.)—Large, cherry red, shapely blooms. Excellent.

Gaiety (H.T.)—Long-pointed buds, coppery red and pink; disease resistant.

General Gallieni (T.)—Bronzy crimson, shaded copper; centre rose flesh. Blooms continuously; clean vigorous growth.

General Macarthur (H.T.)—Richest crimson-shaded scarlet, glorious perfume.

George Dickson (H.T.)—Scarlet crimson. Rich perfume.

Gipsy Lass (H.T.)—Dark scarlet-crimson with black shading. Disease resistant, vigorous growth; free and perpetual; true rose perfume.

Hadley (H.T.)—Deep crimson-scarlet; one of the best.

Hoosier Beauty (H.T.)—Crimson with darker shadings; rich and velvety. Disease-resistant foliage. A real beauty.

Jacques La Touche (H.T.)—Orange-pink with yellow reverse; vigorous, healthy growth.

Joyous Cavalier (H.T.)—Splendid bud opens to large, loose bloom of light unfading crimson. Strong branching growth. Splendid decorative.

Kurt Scholz (H.T.)—Long-pointed buds; blooms scarlet-crimson. Recommended.

K. of K. (H.T.)—Semi-single blooms of intense scarlet. Lightly scented. Good garden and decorative.

Lady Helen Maglona (H.T.)—Young flowers bright crimson-red with blackish markings.

Liebesbote (H.T.)—Large, full, sweetly scented blooms of crimson-scarlet. Vigorous, healthy, low-growing habit.

Lord Charlemont (H.T.)—Crimson, deepening to carmine crimson. Perfumed. Exhibition.

Malar Ros (H.T.)—Perfectly formed blooms of clear crimson; shapely buds; very strong, sweet perfume. Vigorous, upright growth. Exhibition.

Margaret McGredy (H.T.)—Large, full, orange-scarlet flowers of perfect form.

Mary Hart (H.T.)—Shapely flowers of rich, velvety red with amber over-glow. Vigorous constitution; beautiful foliage. Very highly recommended.

Matador (H.T.)—Perfect blooms, scarlet-crimson with dark, silky sheen on reverse. Vigorous, disease-resistant growth. Highly perfumed. Recommended.

NATIONAL ROSE FOOD

is a

Rational Rose Food.

It contains all the chemical elements that the growing plants require to build strong, healthy stems and to produce blooms of finer form, richer lustre and sweeter perfume.

National Rose Food helps the plants to flower over a much longer period.

Use it freely in winter and again during flowering periods
Spring and Summer.

4lb., 1/6; 7lb., 2/6; 14lb., 3/9;
28lb., 7/-; 56lb., 13/6.

Carriage extra.

Directions on Containers.

Christopher Stone (H.T.)—Large, fairly full blooms of bright velvety scarlet. Growth fairly strong, vigorous; good foliage.

Comtesse de Cayla (T.)—Nasturtium red, tinted carmine and copper. Strong, free-flowering growth.

Crimson Glory (H.T.)—Large buds open to full well-formed sweetly scented blooms of deep crimson, shaded blood red. Good for garden or exhibition. Spreading habit.

Cuba (Per.)—Inside rich velvety crimson with carmine; outside orange-scarlet.

Daily Mail Scented (H.T.)—Rich, deep velvety red with scarlet sheen. Ideal bedding rose.

Director Rubio (H.T.)—Velvety magenta red; highly perfumed blooms are large, fairly full and freely produced. Recommended.

Dr. Hawkesworth (H.T.)—Medium sized, shapely blooms of rich crimson shading to deep maroon. Vigorous, branching habit. Very free. Sweetly scented.

DWARF OR BUSH ROSES—(continued).

- McGredy's Scarlet** (H.T.)—Brilliant scarlet with orange base. Growth good. Recommended.
- McGredy's Triumph** (H.T.)—Geranium red flushed orange; large, full shapely flowers, delicious rose scent. Vigorous. Good for all purposes.
- Mrs. H. Winnett** (H.T.)—Beautiful red, not as dark as Hadley.
- Mrs. J. D. Eisele** (H.T.)—Bright cherry-rose of fine form, exhibition standard; strong, vigorous growth.
- Mrs. W. E. Lenon** (H.T.)—Large, long, pointed buds, open to moderately full, sweetly scented flowers of rich carmine-crimson. Vigorous growth. Free flowering.
- Nigrette** (H.T.)—Velvety black without shading, the darkest of all roses. Splendid form, sweetly scented blooms.
- Penelope** (T.)—Lower half, reddish crimson; centre, creamy-white.
- President Jac Smits** (H.T.)—Semi-double flowers of brilliant dark red; free, continuous flowering. Strong grower.
- Prince Camille de Rohan** (H.P.)—Large, shapely blooms of dark maroon, shaded velvety black. Vigorous.
- Red Letter Day** (H.T.)—Scarlet-crimson, semi-single; good hedge variety.
- Red Radiance** (H.T.)—Red-flowered sport from the popular Radiance. Very free flowering.
- Roger Lamelin** (H.P.)—Scarlet red with clear, well-defined white margin. Vigorous.
- Rosa Indica**—Bright red; compact bushy growth; ideal for hedges; continuously in bloom.
- Rouge Mallerin** (H.T.)—Brilliant red with high-pointed centre. Very fragrant and free flowering. Splendid growth.
- Sensation** (H.T.)—Scarlet crimson with maroon markings; growth, vigorous.
- Souv. de Georges Pernet** (Per.)—Large, globular blooms of beautiful Orient red, shaded yellow. Vigorous growth.
- Souv. de Maria de Zayas** (H.T.)—Deep carmine blooms, large, fine form. Vigorous grower, suitable for garden or exhibition.
- Souv. de Therese Levet** (T.)—Dark velvety crimson.
- Star of Queensland** (H.T.)—Rich, deep velvety crimson, shaded maroon.
- Texas Centennial** (H.T.)—Blood red, toning to cerise red in centre; excellent variety.
- Warrior** (H.T.)—Large, double flowers of vivid scarlet-crimson.
- W. E. Chaplin** (H.T.)—Attractive buds open to large, shapely blooms of carmine-crimson. Vigorous growth; free blooming habit. Exhibition standard.
- William Orr** (H.T.)—Deep velvety crimson flowers, large, full, and of good form. Growth, strong and vigorous.
- Yvres Druhen** (H.T.)—Dark, velvety red; sweetly perfumed.

Climbing Roses

1/6 each; 16/- doz. Postage or Carriage Extra. See Page 12.

The prefix "Climbing" is only used when there are dwarf roses of the same name, and should never be omitted when ordering if confusion and disappointment are to be avoided.

White and Light Shades

- Cib. Hugo Roller** (T.)—Splendid climbing sport of lemon-yellow, edged and suffused crimson.
- Cib. K. A. Viktoria** (H.T.)—Climbing sport of the popular white dwarf; very free flowering; growth somewhat uncertain.
- Cib. Mrs. H. Stevens** (H.T.)—Vigorous grower; full, snow-white flowers.
- Cib. White Maman Cochet** (T.)—Very vigorous climber; large, white flowers.
- Sinica Alba**—Large, single, pure white blooms. Glossy green foliage.

Yellow and Copper Shades

- Cib. Georges Schwartz** (T.)—Blooms of brightest yellow; very free flowering habit.
- Cib. Golden Ophelia** (H.T.)—Perfectly shaped golden-yellow blooms; splendid climbing habit.
- Cib. Golden Emblem** (Per.)—A fine climber; magnificent golden-yellow blooms.
- Cib. Lady Hillingdon** (H.T.)—Long buds of deep orange-yellow. Best in cold districts.
- Cib. Mdme. Edouard Herriot** (Per.)—Vigorous climber. Beautiful terracotta orange.
- Cib. Mevr. G. A. Van Rossem** (Per.)—Dark yellow, heavily flamed and shaded apricot. Strong climber.

- Cib. Mrs. Aaron Ward** (H.T.)—Indian yellow, deeper centre. Vigorous.
- Cib. Mrs. Dunlop Best** (H.T.)—Flowers of reddish apricot on copper-yellow base. Vigorous climber; clean, healthy foliage.
- Cib. Perle Des Jardins** (T.)—Bright yellow; free flowering. A somewhat irregular climber.
- Cib. Souv. de Claudius Pernet** (Per.)—Blooms of rich sunflower yellow; vigorous growth.
- Cib. Souv. de Madame Boulet** (H.T.)—Large, fairly full flowers of dark cadmium yellow; beautiful bronzy foliage.
- Cib. Sunburst** (H.T.)—Strong climber, producing flowers of cadmium yellow with orange centre.
- Cib. Sunstar** (H.T.)—Buds of deep orange and yellow, edged crimson. Somewhat variable.
- Cib. Talisman** (H.T.)—Flowers identical with the dwarf variety.
- Cloth of Gold** (N.)—Pale sunflower yellow with deeper centre; an old favourite.
- Fortune's Yellow** (N.)—Large, semi-double blooms of bronze yellow. Good pillar rose.
- Mermaid** (Hyb. Bract)—Large, single, sulphur yellow; glossy foliage, graceful; good pillar rose.

Rose Hedges are an asset in any garden however small. They combine beauty and utility in the most pleasing manner. See page 12 for further particulars.

CLIMBING ROSES—(continued).

Rose, Pink and Carmine

- Clb. Columbia** (H.T.)—Strong climber, producing rich, silver-pink flowers.
- Clb. Comtesse La Barthe** (T.)—Soft pink flowers freely produced. Strong climber.
- Clb. Dame Edith Helen** (H.T.)—Vigorous climbing sport of the well-known variety; unsuited to moist tropical climates. Rose pink.
- Clb. Jonkheer J. L. Mock** (H.T.)—Shapely blooms of dark carmine-pink; splendid climber.
- Clb. Laurent Carle** (H.T.)—Very free flowering and vigorous; sweetly scented blooms of velvety carmine.
- Clb. Lorraine Lee** (T.)—Fairly vigorous climbing sport with a long blooming season; salmon-rose flowers.
- Clb. Los Angeles** (Per.)—Flowers of flame-pink, shaded coral and gold; vigorous.
- Clb. Mdme. Abel Chatenay** (H.T.)—Strong growing variety; free flowering pink. Recommended.
- Clb. Mdme. Butterfly** (H.T.)—Vigorous climber; pale pink flowers shaded orange apricot. Recommended.
- Clb. Mdme. Second Weber** (H.T.)—Pale rosy-salmon flowers, strong and free; splendid climber.
- Clb. Maman Cochet** (T.)—Strong climber; blush-rose, shaded carmine and salmon.
- Clb. Mrs. C. J. Bell** (H.T.)—Delightful shell-pink blooms; an acquisition.
- Clb. Mrs. G. Sawyer** (H.T.)—Flowers of brilliant pink. Liable to mildew, very valuable to exhibitors.
- Clb. Ophelia** (H.T.)—Perfect blooms of salmon-flesh shaded rose. Fine climbing habit; recommended.
- Clb. Radiance** (H.T.)—A real climbing sport of Radiance. Very vigorous grower.
- Clb. Rose Marie** (H.T.)—Mildew-proof foliage; highly recommended. Rich rose pink.
- Clb. Shot Silk** (H.T.)—Vigorous climber; mildew proof. A rich salmon-orange cerise, veined buttercup yellow.
- Flying Colours** (H.T.)—Large single flowers of deep bright cerise.
- Jessie Clark** (Hyb. G.)—Large single flowers of lovely rose-pink borne in clusters.
- Kitty Kininmonth** (H.T.)—Bright carmine-rose; large double decorative. Good pillar rose.
- Mdme. Driout** (H.T.)—Lovely striped pink sport of Reine Marie Henriette; vigorous.
- Reine Marie Henriette** (H.T.)—Large, shapely flowers of rosy cerise; autumn flowering.
- Sachsengruss** (H.T.)—Delicate flesh, with China rose reflexes, very large. Splendid show rose.
- Sinica Anemone**—Large single blooms of silver-pink deepening to bright rose. Glossy foliage.
- Souv. de Leonie Viennot** (H.T.)—Silvery rose, shading to carmine; canary yellow base.
- Striped Reine Marie Henriette** (H.T.)—Flowers striped magenta on paler ground. The same excellent qualities as Reine Marie Henriette.

At right: Blooms of Climbing Roses, unlike flowers of other climbers, may be cut and used for house decoration. Our illustration shows a very fine form.

Red, Scarlet and Crimson

- Black Boy** (H.T.)—Shapely buds and attractive flowers of deep crimson, shaded blackish maroon. Strong climber.
- Blaze** (W.)—Very vigorous climber, hardy and ever blooming; the pleasing red of Paul's Scarlet. Highly recommended.
- Clb. Daily Mail Scented** (H.T.)—Sweetly scented flowers of rich velvety red. Splendid climbing habit. Very popular.
- Clb. Etoile de Hollande** (H.T.)—Vigorous climbing sport of Etoile de Hollande. Splendid dark red flowers.
- Clb. General Macarthur** (H.T.)—Vigorous habit; fragrant bright red flowers, clean, healthy foliage.
- Clb. Hadley** (H.T.)—Rich crimson flowers with sweet fragrance.
- Clb. Hoosier Beauty** (H.T.)—Vigorous growth; sweetly scented, deep crimson blooms. Highly recommended.
- Clb. Penelope** (T.)—Outer petals crimson, inside deep cream. Good climber.
- Clb. Red Radiance** (H.T.)—Vigorous climbing sport; bright red flowers.
- Clb. Souv. de Georges Pernet** (Per.)—Orient red, shaded yellow. Vigorous climbing sport of the dwarf variety.
- Clb. Souv. de Therese Levet** (T.)—Crimson, shaded maroon blooms of medium size. Strong growing; winter flowering.
- Countess of Stradbroke** (H.T.)—Large, full flowers of rich, deep velvety maroon. Vigorous growth; free flowering. Exceptional merit.
- Love** (H.T.)—Brilliant scarlet-red; very fragrant. Splendid decorative climber with healthy foliage. Free and continuous flowering habit.
- Miss Marion Manifold** (H.T.)—Velvety scarlet, shaded crimson. Particularly vigorous climber.
- Noella Nabonnand** (T.)—Extra large semi-double velvety crimson buds.
- Walter C. Clark** (H.T.)—Deep maroon crimson, shaded black; perfumed.



Climbing Polyantha, Rambling, Wichuriana and Banksian Roses

1/6 each; 16/- doz. Postage or Carriage Extra. See Page 12.

American Pillar—Large, single, rich pink, white eye and yellow stamens.

Cib. Cecil Brunner—A vigorous climbing sport from the favourite salmon-pink dwarf.

Cib. Orleans—Climbing sport bearing the same geranium-red flowers as the well-known dwarf.

Crimson Rambler (Pol.)—Large clusters of dazzling crimson, medium-sized blooms. Liable to mildew.

Dorothy Perkins—Soft rose, double flowers borne in clusters.

Emily Grey—Without doubt, the finest yellow Wichuriana Rose yet introduced.

Excelsa—Brilliant scarlet-crimson; large trusses of double flowers. Mildew-proof foliage, superior to Crimson Rambler.

Golden Rambler—Flowers fully 4 inches in diameter, rich yellow with crimson splashes, borne in large clusters. True Rambler. Fragrant.

Hamburg—Large trusses of fiery scarlet-red flowers. Ever blooming; strong climbing habit. Dark green, shining, healthy foliage.

Hiawatha—Single, bright, rich crimson with white eye.

Ile de France (Wich.)—Large, semi-double blooms of crimson red with white centre; splendid clusters.

Paul's Scarlet Climber—Vivid scarlet, shaded crimson; suitable for pillars and pergolas.

Princess of Orange (Poly.)—Climbing form of "Gloria Mundi." Flowers like a Rambler. A most valuable addition.

Romeo—Deep red double flowers, perfect form.

Sanders White (Wich.)—Large, full blooms of pure white. The best white.

Tausendschon—Large, pink flowers in clusters.

Vielchenblau—Reddish lilac flowers change to amethyst and steel blue; semi-double.

Violetta (Mult.)—Large, semi-double blooms of deep violet, borne in clusters.

Dwarf Polyantha Roses ORLEANS TYPE

Price: 1/6 each; 16/- dozen. Postage or carriage extra. See Page 12.

This section is most suited for bedding and massing, low edges, or as an edging to taller growing varieties. They produce large clusters of blooms and are almost continuously in flower. They are all compact growers, and should not be mixed with other types.

Alice Amos—Rosy-cerise with white eye, resembling Dwarf American Pillar. Single flowers borne in large clusters. Tall.

Betty Prior (Hyb. Poly.)—Large, glorious, dark carmine blooms produced in clusters on strong, upright stems. Fragrant and perpetual. Vigorous growth; disease-resistant foliage. Excellent for bedding and hedges.

Diana—Unique and charming single flowers of copper-orange with splashes of rose and violet on reverse, borne in clusters.

Ellen Poulsen—Brilliant pink, large, full, sweetly scented flowers.

Fireglow—A dazzling Rose of the Orleans type of fiery orange-red. Splendid addition. Dwarf.

Gloria Mundi—Large, fully double flowers of orange-scarlet.

Golden Poly (H. Poly.)—Buds cadmium yellow with red stripes. Open flowers fine buttercup yellow, fade to deep cream on white with lilac edges. Fragrant dwarf and free.

Goldlachs (Golden Salmon)—Intense, fiery, golden salmon. Medium to large flowers, produced in splendid trusses. Strong, bushy growth. Highly recommended.

Ideal—Beautiful dark crimson, at times scarlet. Sport from Miss Edith Cavell and in growth somewhat similar.

Kirsten Poulsen—Medium sized single flowers of bright scarlet, borne in clusters on stiff stems. Excellent for decorative work, tall.

Lady Reading—Similar in habit to Ellen Poulsen, but bright red. Recommended. Tall growing.

Maman Turbat—China rose, shaded pink. A good variety dwarf.

Mevrouw Van Straaten Van Nes

(Hyb. Poly.)—Brilliant cochineal carmine flowers with wide waved petals produced in splendid clusters. Fragrant; growth strong; highly recommended. **Illustrated in colour on the front cover, lower right.**

Miss Edith Cavell—Scarlet-crimson flowers; growth similar to Orleans. Dwarf.

Orleans—Brilliant geranium-red suffused rose with white centre. Bushy habit; very free flowering.

Paul Crampel—Fine scarlet-orange flowers; dwarf habit. Recommended.

Rufus—Intense bright crimson, holding its colour well and bearing flowers in large clusters. Dwarf.

Salmon Spray—Delicate salmon-pink with carmine on reverse. Semi-double flowers borne in charming sprays. Good for cutting. Tall.

Sparkler—Brilliant, sparkling red; similar habit and growth to Orleans. A very fine variety.

Yvonne Rabier—White, semi-double flowers, strongly perfumed; tall.

Miniature Roses

1/6 each; 16/- doz. Postage extra. See below.

This list comprises the best of the Baby Roses. They produce exquisitely shaped blooms in small clusters,

suitable for buttonhole or similar decoration; but generally are not suitable for bedding.

Agnes Kruse (Hyb. Poly.) (M. Tantau)—Large blooms of bright, fiery red with velvet shade; upright, healthy growth.

George Elger—Golden, coppery yellow, passing to clear yellow when open. Dwarf.

Cecil Brunner—Salmon pink with coppery centre.

Perle D'Or—Nankeen yellow with orange centre.

Etoile Luisante—Orange red, opening to coral and carmine, with a golden yellow base.

Sunshine—Bronzy red and orange.

Tiptop—Yellow, overlaid with carmine. Dwarf.

Moss Roses

1/6 each; 16/- doz. Postage extra. See below.

These Roses thrive best in the colder districts; about Sydney they bloom in the Spring only.

Crimson Globe

White Bath

Zenobia—(Pink)

Rose Hedges

When it is realised just how beautiful a hedge of Roses such as Radiance, Red Letter Day, and some other everblooming Roses form, they will become far more popular for this purpose. The foliage is practically evergreen, and the everblooming qualities of some varieties assure not only a picturesque hedge of great beauty, but also a never-ending supply of long-stemmed Roses for the house.

Plants 1/6 each; 16/- doz. Postage extra. See below.

For hedge purposes we recommend the following varieties (see general lists for description).

FOR TALL HEDGES OVER 4 FEET HIGH:

Radiance, Red Radiance, Red Letter Day, Sunny South.

FOR HEDGES 3 TO 4 FEET HIGH:

Ellen Poulsen (Poly.), Etoile de Hollande, Shot Silk, Rosa Indica.

FOR LOW HEDGES UP TO 2 FEET HIGH:

Gloria Mundi, Goldlachs, Ideal, Maman Turbat, Miss Edith Cavell, Orleans, Rufus (see Polyantha section).

The distance apart for planting is as follows:—For vigorous hedge varieties, 2 feet 6 inches apart; for moderate hedge, 2 feet apart; while for Polyanthas, about 21 inches is a suitable interval. Use only one variety for each hedge.

FREIGHT ON ROSES

Carriage or postage is extra on all Roses. It is a difficult matter to tabulate costs for all quantities and towns, but the following notes will be a guide:

Lots weighing up to, say, 14lb. are best sent by passenger train, freight pre-paid. For scale of charges, please see inside back cover.

Parcels over 14lb. are best sent by single package goods (a specially cheap rate applying up to 140lb.). In this case, freight may be paid at destination, except in the case of unattended platforms.

STANDARD ROSES (Packed)

6 weigh 12 to 18lb.—See Inside Back Cover.
12 " 28 to 30lb.—By goods train—freight payable at destination.

BUSH ROSES (Packed)

6 weigh about 4lb. } By passenger train—See
12 " 8 to 10lb. } Inside Back Cover.
50 " about 56lb.—By goods train—freight payable at destination.

STANDARDS

Full—Usually sent by rail.

Three-quarters—By post or rail, as required.

We forward parcels promptly and advise despatch. Any difference in charges will be adjusted.

POSTAGE on all ROSES (except Standards) will be:

	In N.S.W.	Interstate
On 1 Rose	9d.	1/-
2 and 3	1/-	1/6
4 and 5	1/3	2/-
6 to 9	1/6	2/6
10 to 12	2/-	3/6
13 to 18	2/9	5/-

In every case goods will be sent by the cheapest possible method, whether post or rail, unless specific instructions are given by the customer.

ROSES ESTABLISHED IN POTS

Each year, from early October, we have a limited number of the best and most popular varieties of Dwarf and Climbing Roses, established in pots. This fulfils a special service for growers who have missed the season, for gardeners in very cold districts where late planting is preferable, and for replacing varieties that have died out.



THE ILLUSTRATION SHOWS THE FINE FORM AND VIGOUR OF OUR ROSES IN POTS

Though the Roses are in full growth, if carefully handled during planting, there should be no check.

A list of varieties available will be sent on application, but we advise our customers to reserve their requirements as early as possible. Plants are not available until early October.

Potted Roses are sent by rail unless specific instructions to the contrary are given by our customer, as, owing to the weight of soil, postage rates are prohibitive.

Potted Roses, Dwarf (Bush) and Climbing varieties only.

1/9 each, 18/- per dozen.

PEATMOSS

Nature's Own Soil Builder

Peatmoss is perfect Leaf Mould. It is decayed vegetation, thousands of years old, extremely rich in humus and plant food. It is better than animal manure because:—

1. It lasts longer.
2. It has no smell—flies—disease spores—or weed seeds.
3. It is a better medium for storing up moisture and for retaining fertilisers so that plants can use them at will.

PEATMOSS ENRICHES SANDY SOIL—making it more adhesive and of better body and moisture retaining quality. It makes poor, sandy soil into RICH LOAM.

It lightens HEAVY SOIL—prevents cracking and crusting—and renders it easy to work.

Peatmoss is a moisture reservoir in the soil, and aids growth almost miraculously.

Use Peatmoss to build good soil in gardens, nurseries, orchards.

Invaluable for mulching, potting, seed sowing, and many other garden uses!

Ask for free leaflet of instructions for use.

Sold in 2lb., 1/-; Sugar Bags, 4/-; Sack, 8/-. Freight or postage extra.

Most economical in Bales (140lb.) for 22/6. Freight extra.

Peatmoss increases its weight 15 times when watered before being used.

THE ORCHARD

ITS PLANTING AND ITS CARE

The Land

It is not necessary that the soil chosen for an orchard should be rich, although such land will always produce splendid crops after the trees are a year or two old and are carefully pruned. Any ordinary average soil will grow fruit trees, provided it is well worked. It is not necessary to trench the ground unless the subsoil is very stiff; then we recommend that it should be trenched and a thorough system of drainage should be adopted. This can be done by putting in rubble, pipe or timber drains at a depth of three feet, and twenty to thirty feet apart, so as to carry off all surplus water from the subsoil as quickly as possible. In trenching the ground the greatest care should be taken not to bring the stiff clay subsoil to the top; it should only be broken up in the bottom of the trench. On land of a fairly good depth and open subsoil, digging and ploughing will be all that is required to prepare it.

Planting

To prepare for fruit trees, the land should be measured off into rows 20 to 30 feet apart, and the trees should stand at the same distance from each other in rows, so that they will be 20 to 30 feet apart each way. This will give the cultivator every facility to work between them. The holes to receive the trees should be dug to a depth of 18 inches, and made wide enough to allow the roots of the young trees to spread out. The soil in the bottom of the hole should be broken up as fine as possible, then a good stout stake should be driven into the centre of it.

Examine the roots of the tree, and remove all bruised or broken rootlets with a sharp knife; then place it in the hole close to the stake and spread out the roots carefully and as horizontally as possible; drop the fine soil on to the roots until the hole is about one-third full; then gently shake the tree from side to side and lift it slightly from time to time with an up-and-down motion; the object of so doing is to allow the soil to shake down among the small roots; then fill up the hole to the level, and tread the soil tightly around the tree; secure it to the stake in two places, near the ground and near the top, and the planting is completed. Trees should be planted not more than a couple of inches deeper than they stood in the nursery.

Manure

It is not desirable to give young trees manure in the earlier stages of their growth, as it is liable to promote an overgrowth of young wood, and if the land is virgin soil, or if it has been out of cultivation for some years, the breaking it up for the fruit trees will be quite sufficient to cause them to grow freely for a year or two at least, but if the ground is naturally poor a good dressing of bone-dust or other manure can be given to the trees at a later date if they show any signs of stunted growth.

Aspect

In selecting a site for an orchard, an easterly to a north-westerly aspect should be chosen if possible. The matter of shelter, if not naturally provided, should be of the first importance, as also natural drainage and convenience of position.

Time to Plant

Deciduous fruit trees, or summer fruits, as they are sometimes incorrectly called, such as Peaches, Plums, Cherries, should be planted during May, June, July, and August, and if the weather is favourable, the earlier the better. Evergreen trees, such as Oranges, Lemons, can be planted at almost any season of the year, but from April to September are the best months. Only plant to July and August in localities fairly free from frosts.

First Pruning of Young Trees

When the deciduous fruits are planted, they should be cut back to the height fixed upon for the trunk. If there are no natural branches three buds only should be allowed to push out from the head of the tree. This will generally be the case with Apples and Pears, but Peaches and such like will often have several lateral branches. In that case cut the leader to the height required, and cut off all the laterals except three near the top; these should be left to form the head, but should be shortened. Each tree after planting may be sprayed with Harbas in solution, to destroy any insect pests which may possibly be hidden in the bark.

When young fruit trees are properly summer pruned during the first few years after planting it conduces to the early development of fruit-bearing spurs on such trees as Apples, Apricots, Pears, Plums. If the operation is skilfully performed, the vigour of the whole, or any particular part, can be reduced or limited. By systematically pruning in summer much good will not only result to the branches retained, but there will be less need for cutting severely in winter, and consequently the strength of the trees will be conserved. Summer pruning must not be done before the shoots have reached a certain stage, otherwise the buds at the base of the spurs left will develop growth the same season, instead of remaining dormant, and forming into fruit-bearing buds for the following crop. Generally, the most suitable time is when the growth becomes firm for about half its length, which should be shortened there or a little higher up, according to the vigour of the tree. The summer pruning of such fruit trees as Nectarines and Peaches, which do not usually bear fruit on spurs, will require different treatment. The fruit of these trees is mostly borne on what is called young wood—that is, growth made during the previous year. Therefore, only the useless and superfluous growths should be removed.

Disbudding may be considered a part of summer pruning, for the judicious removal of the developing shoots at such an early stage of growth will not only conserve the strength of the trees, but will save a lot of labour which would have to be expended in cutting them out after they become wood.

Varieties to Plant

If, as a commercial speculation, a large area is being planted, we cannot too strongly emphasise the necessity of confining the plantation to a few well-tested varieties that do well in the vicinity, and have proved profitable.

Frequently we hear orchardists regretting the error they made when first planting, in having too many varieties, and consequently they have never sufficient of any one sort to enable them to place on the market in a satisfactory manner.

Ascertain what is doing well in your locality, and confine yourself to this sort, leaving an odd row or so for experimenting with new importations.

Grape Vines

European Grape Vines should be placed five feet apart each way, in straight lines, that the plough may be used either across or along the vineyard. If the land be rich and deep, the distance between the vines should be increased to 6, 7, or 8 feet. The American Grape Vines do better on a trellis, as the training and pruning that suits them best is quite different from that employed for others. These may be planted 10 to 12 feet apart, along each side of a trellis which covers a broad walk. Rooted Vines may be planted at any time from June till September, pruned back to two or three eyes.

Spraying

The Winter Spraying of Deciduous Trees for the control of Scale, Red Spider and American Blight is one of the most important operations of the orchardist. It should never under any circumstances be neglected, and is essential to the success of the coming season's fruit crop.

FRUIT TREES

Everyone possessing a garden should make a point of including a few fruit trees. Economically they are a sound proposition, most fruits being useful either as dessert, for cooking or for preserving. Once established, the trees—given ordinary care and attention—continue to bear

their fruit in season, year in and out. Health authorities speak in high terms of the value of fruit from a dietetic point of view, freshly gathered fruit being particularly rich in essential vitamins.

Postage or Carriage is extra on all Fruit Trees and Berry Plants. See Page 23.

Prices of all Fruit Trees in 100 lots or over given on application.

Apples

(OUR APPLE TREES ARE WORKED ON
NORTHERN SPY STOCKS.)

Price: 1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

Apple Trees prefer compact, sandy loam, with shelter from west and south. Stiff, clinging land is not suitable, but any good average light soil will give good results. Young trees generally grow too fast, therefore strong growth should be checked by pinching back shoots in Summer, and by Winter pruning.

EARLY VARIETIES

- Allsopp's Early.** Early; for cooking.
- Carrington.** Fine apple. Blight-proof.
- Gravenstein** (Carpenter). Large; rich yellow.
- Irish Peach.** Blight-proof. Clear yellow skin.
- Lord Nelson.** Extra large cooking.
- William's Favourite.** Bright red. Earliest.
- Willie Sharp.** Medium yellow, good dessert, blight-proof. Good bearer.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

- Cox's Orange Pippin.** Yellow marked red.
- McIntosh's Red.** Good for both hot and cold climates; rich, red stripes; flesh white.
- Mobbs' Royal.** Extra large; good.
- Pomme De Nieve** (Fanny). A famous dessert apple.
- Twenty Ounce.** Green, yellow striped. Good cooking variety.

LATE VARIETIES

- Black Ben Davis.** Seedling from "Ben Davis." A decided improvement. Solid red colour, better quality, good cropper.
- Cleopatra.** Large, crisp; a good dessert.
- Delicious.** One of the best late-keepers.
- Democrat.** Fruit brilliant red; good shipper.
- Five Crown Pippin** (London Pippin). Valuable for all purposes.
- Glengyle Red** (Red Rome Beauty). Same type as parent fruit, but red all over.
- Granny Mack.** Heavy bearer and good keeper.
- Granny Smith.** Easily the best apple for any district. Strongly recommended for export.
- Jonathan.** Does well in almost all soils.
- King David.** A rich, dark red apple.
- Lalla.** Similar to Delicious.
- Munro's Favourite.** Large cooking; good.
- Northern Spy.** Tender, delicious; dessert.
- Rome Beauty.** Fine shape, hardy. Skin greenish yellow, mottled and shaded red.
- Yates.** Dessert, round, flat. Striped and mottled dull red. Prolific. Best in cold climates.

Apricots

(ON APRICOT AND PLUM STOCKS.)

Price: 1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

- Allen's Early.** A second early variety, bearing large, conical shaped fruit. Good for marketing.
- Blenheim.** Large fruit, clear yellow skin with red markings; deep orange flesh.
- Camden Superb.** Large, pale yellow, oblong, good bearer; requires high situation. Early.
- Cattell's Early.** Very early; good cropper.
- Colorado.** Very large, handsome and of good quality. Heavy bearer.
- Early Moorpark.** Juicy, rich and excellent; ripens end November; rich orange skin and flesh.
- Elruge.** Clear, deep yellow skin with firm flesh. Ripens early December.
- Glengarry.** Very early. Fruit not large, but a good cropper.
- Hemskirk.** Rich, like Moorpark.
- Moorpark.** Very large, round fruit with deep reddish orange skin, very juicy. Ripens end December. Late. Good bearer.
- Mansfield Seedling.** Rich in flavour, similar to Moorpark; heavy bearer. Mid season.
- Newcastle Early.** Ripens middle to end of November. Fine yellow colour, and heavy bearer.

- Oullin's Early Peach.** Large, skin deep rich yellow; flesh orange; very rich. Ripens end December.
- Royal.** Deep yellow, tinged red; flesh deep yellow; juicy. Ripens third week in December.
- Tilton.** Very large, rich, golden fruit; fine flavour, and an excellent canning and drying variety. Mid season.
- Trevatt.** Good cropper. One of the finest varieties for drying. Mid season.
- Wenatchee.** Large, golden-yellow. Ripens evenly. Fine shipper. Heavy bearer. Mid season.

Bananas

2/6 each.

- Cavendishii.** Dwarf, delicious flavour.
- Sapientum.** Common Banana; hardy.
- Sugar.** Small fruit produced in large bunches. Delicious flavour.

CITRUS FRUITS

We can recommend to our customers with every confidence our first quality Citrus Trees. They are not only sturdy plants, but have been grown from buds selected from trees of good type and of good bearing habits.

Citrons

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

BENGAL. KNIGHTS.

All varieties of Citrons are very similar. They are largely used for making candied peel, also marmalade of strong Citron flavour.

Grapefruit

POMELOES.

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

● **Marsh Seedless.** Medium size, thin rind, half the usual bitterness, practically seedless, pulp juicy, very little rag, superior; keeps and packs well. Mid season.

● **Thompson.** Said to be a sport from Marsh Seedless and recommended by the Dept. of Agriculture, N.S.W. The fruit is rounder and larger than Marsh Seedless; flesh pinkish. Well worthy of a trial.

● **Triumph.** Medium size, smooth, clear skin and fine grain. Heavy cropper. Juicy and without bitterness.

Lemons

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

● **Common.** Well known; rough-skinned.

● **Eureka.** See Sweet Rind.

● **Lisbon.** One of the best; bears over a long period; large, juicy fruit, thin skin; good keeper.

● **Lisbon Variegated.** Vigorous grower and bearer.

● **Sweet Rind.** Medium size and very even. Sells very freely in the markets. Early; bears well in summer.

● **Villa Franca.** Oblong, thin skin, superior flavoured. Vigorous grower.

Limes

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

● **East Indian.** Large, very juicy.

● **Persian or Sweet.** Large roundish, yellow; particularly sweet; heavy cropper.

● **Tahitian.** Fruit very large.

● **West Indian.** Best for lime-juice. Nearly seedless.

Mandarins

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

● **Beauty of Glen Retreat.** Excellent; enormous cropper. Mid season.

● **Clementine (Thanksgiving Orange or Tangerine).** A hybrid, intermediate between an orange and a mandarin. Very hardy, matures early, and has a delicate spicy flavour.

● **Cumquat.** Small; for preserving.

● **Ellendale Beauty.** Improved Beauty of Glen Retreat; is not liable to split in wet weather. Late; hangs well.

Owing to existing regulations, some kinds of Citrus cannot be sent to Queensland.

These varieties are marked with a ●. **SPECIAL QUOTES FOR LARGE QUANTITIES.** With Citrus as with all other fruit trees and plants, postage or carriage is extra.

See page 23.

MANDARINS—(continued).

● **Emperor.** Large, beautiful fruit; one of the best. Mid season.

● **Fewtrell's Early Shipping.** Practically the largest mandarin in cultivation. Fruit ripens very early and is a good carrier.

● **Imperial.** Earliest variety in cultivation.

● **Jacob's Improved Thorny.** Large and early.

● **Late Emperor.** Late variety, fair size, somewhat like Emperor; can be marketed till January.

● **Oonshi (Japanese).** Said to withstand frost; pendulous habit, no seeds, flesh firm, thin skin. Very early.

● **Parker's Special.** Large fruit, loose skin, excellent quality; ripens early.

● **Scarlet (Syn. Canton).** Large fruit, skin almost scarlet; flesh juicy.

● **Thorny.** Small; firm; fine high flavour. Mid season.

Oranges

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

● **Blood (Maltese).** Medium flesh blood colour.

● **Golden Nugget Navel.** Fruit smooth, solid, thin-skinned; colour strong gold. Even cropper. Early.

● **Groverley Navel.** Large yellow, not quite seedless. Crops well. The best mid season navel for poor soils.

● **Jaffa.** Excellent, and a constant bearer.

● **Joppa.** Large; thin skin; juicy pulp; seedless. Mid season.

● **Lue Jim Gong.** Large deep orange, thin skin; rich, juicy, good flavour. Late.

● **Mediterranean Sweet.** An excellent orange.

● **Parramatta or Queen.** Large, hardy, prolific. Mid season.

● **Poor Man's.** Very large, hardy; slightly bitter; makes best marmalade.

● **Seville.** Bitter; for preserving.

● **St. Michael.** Large; thin skin; best for export. Good for market.

● **Thompson's Improved Navel.** Improvement on Washington Navel; fruit equal to that variety but is earlier. Consistent bearer.

● **Valencia.** Late orange, but most excellent.

● **Washington Navel.** Large yellow; juicy and good flavour. Early. Prolific; better than old Navel in size and flavour; hardy.

● **White Siletta.** Earliest; skin thin; juicy.

Shaddocks

2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

● **Blood.** Excellent for preserving.

● **Java.** Large, yellow, pear-shaped, sub-acid, good bearer. Young growth reddish.

● **Manilla.** Small; sweet juice.

Cherimoyer

CUSTARD APPLE.

A delicious tropical fruit; succeeds well in warm sheltered situations. Requires deep friable soil, with good drainage.

Rough Fruited. Seedlings from selected fruit, 2/6

Grafted varieties commence bearing 4th to 6th year after planting. Available during August and September. Highly recommended. 7/6 each.

Cherries

2/- each; 22/- per dozen.

Cherries thrive exceedingly well in cooler districts.

Bedford Prolific. Large, handsome, black. A good market variety. Medium.

Biggarreau Common (White Heart). Large, pale red, prolific; early.

Biggarreau Napoleon. One of largest; heart-shaped. Skin amber, crimson markings.

Biggarreau Twyford. Bright red; flesh firm. Early cropper, and therefore recommended for market growing.

Bing. Fruit large, black; tree vigorous, with heavy, dark green foliage.

Black Heart. Large black, light cropper; early.

Black Republican. Solid flesh; juicy; late.

Bleeding Heart. Large, dark red, fine quality; red flesh; good cropper; mid-season.

Burgdorff Seedling. An excellent large, dark red early variety. Good variety for Coast.

Early Lyons. Deep red flesh; very juicy and a good, early market variety.

Early Purple Guigne. Rich, purple flesh; medium size; smooth skin; tender.

Early Rivers. Purplish black.

Florence. Large, richly flavoured red fruit with amber flesh. Very firm, and a good variety for late marketing.

Noble. Very large, dark red; flesh firm, good flavour. Late.

Ramen Oliver. Dark glossy-red; very large measuring up to 1½-inch in diameter. Early.

St. Margaret's. Large, firm, sweet; skin black, purplish flesh. Good late marketing variety.

Werder's Early. Large, rich, black variety, suitable for market.

Figs

1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

These require no special treatment, and provided the soil is good and fairly moist, will produce the fruit. If the fig is grown near the house where it can be abundantly watered from the laundry, it will produce enormous crops of fruit, give a fine shade, and form a shelter. It requires but little pruning.

Adam. Large size fruit; pale brown; very early, and a good market sort.

Black Genoa. Large, juicy and rich.

Blue Ischia. Medium size fruit; skin dark purple; flesh deep red, sweet.

Blue Provence. Small, rich, abundant.

Brown Turkey. Luscious; good for drying.

White Adriatic. Large size; red flesh; rich.

White Genoa (Marseilles). Fruit above medium size, very rich, turning to amber colour when dried; skin white and tough; flesh red.

Grape Vines

(ON THEIR OWN ROOTS.)

1/- each; 11/- per dozen; £3/10/- per 100.

†Marked thus are best for coastal districts.

*Marked thus, available on Phylloxera Resistant stocks. 1/9 each; 18/- doz., £5/10/- per 100. Postage extra.

All grown outside phylloxera-infested areas, and can be sent anywhere in the State.

†**Black Hambro.** A well-known variety, the best for coastal districts as well as inland.

†**Black Isabella.** Well-known variety; berries large, black; very strong grower.

***Black Lady's Finger** (Purple Cornichon). Same shape and flavour as Lady's Finger, but skin a deep, shining black; more hardy; not susceptible to black spot.

Black Malaga. Bunches large and tapering; berries very large, oval; skin, deep black, very thick; a valuable grape on account of its lateness; a splendid carrier.

†**Black Muscat.** Medium size, oval berries, with rich Muscat flavour.

***Black Prince.** A noble-looking grape; bunches, long; berries largest size, oval, rather thinly set; skin thick, deep black, very rich and sugary; late.

Black Sherry. A fine, black grape, most valuable for its lateness, coming in as late as "Camden Sherry."

Black Shiraz. Berries medium, compact bunches; carries well.

Black Sultana. Bunches, medium size, long; berries, medium size, oval; skin, black; flesh without seeds. A very fine table grape.

†**Buckland's Sweetwater.** Very early white, prolific bearer.

Doradillo (Known also largely as Camden Sherry and Baxter's Sherry). Grown largely in South Australia for the Sydney market, where it arrives towards the end of March in grand condition. Berry, very large, rich amber.

†**Early Sherry.** A profitable, early, white grape, largely grown for market.

Flame Tokay. A very late ripening variety; bunches rather loosely set, which is a decided advantage for a late grape.

†**Golden Chasselas.** Amber, handsome grape in cultivation, light colour, packs and carries well.

***Gordo Blanco.** This is very extensively grown for raisins, being for that purpose superior to the well-known "Muscat of Alexandria." Good table grape, and the best white muscat on the market.

Gros Colman. A splendid late black grape, very large berries; requires warm situation.

Hayes Keeper. Light amber berry; good keeper; late, sweet.

†**Improved Isabella.** Cross between Black Hambro and Isabella. Magnificent grape, rich flavour, sweet black berries.

Lady Downey's. Dark, red-black; large berries, mid-season. Handsome grape with sweet flavour.

***Lady's Finger.** Pinkish white, berries long, very attractive shape; requires dry climate and loamy soil.

***Mrs. Prince's Black Muscat.** Late, berries, largest size, deep, shining black; skin, thin, very tough.

(Grapes continued overleaf.)

GRAPE VINES—(continued).

Muscat of Alexandria. Berries very large, amber colour, splendid flavour; one of the finest grapes.

†***Muscat Hambro** (Snow's). Berries and bunches large, black, superior flavour, and abundant bearer. The finest of all black muscats.

†***Red Muscat.** Medium-sized fruit, early; rich muscat flavour.

Red Prince. Dark red, large, handsome berries; good variety. Late season.

Sultana. Bunches, medium size, long; berries medium size, oval; skin, pale yellow; flesh without seeds. A very fine table grape, but chiefly valuable for raisin making.

***Waltham Cross.** Bunches very large; berries, very large, round; skin, thin but tough, of a clear, pale amber. A magnificent grape; especially suited to the warmer districts. Makes a good raisin. Late.

White Isabella. A well-known variety, berries large, medium growth.

White Sherry. A well-known variety, great cropper and good for market.

†***White Muscat.** Berries large, mid-season; strong muscat flavour.

White Wax. White grape covered with thick waxy bloom. Very attractive appearance; juicy. Mid-season.

Zante Currant. The grape for making the currant of commerce.

Where the selection of grape vines is left to our discretion, we will certainly send varieties which we consider best for your district.

NOTE: We have now made such arrangements as will enable us to send Grape Vines to any part of the State.

Queensland customers please note it is against the regulations of that State for Grape Vines to be sent there from New South Wales.

Guavas

2/- each; 22/- dozen.

Of easy culture in districts where the climate is not colder than that of Sydney; preferring good and deep soil, but will grow and do well in any ordinary orchard ground.

Parker's Hybrid. Fruit creamy white; large.

Purple. Fruit deep purple.

Yellow. Large fruit; splendid for dessert.

Loquats

2/- each; 22/- dozen.

Californian Advance. Fruit large, deep yellow, being nearly all pulp. Flavour distinct and delicious.

Herd's Mammoth. Enormous. The best market variety.

Medlars

2/6 each.

Thrive well in New South Wales; require very trifling attention, and not particular as to soil.

Dutch. One of the best; medium size fruit.

Monstrous. The largest.

Royal. Highly esteemed for its flavour and productiveness.

Mulberries

Black or English. Luscious fruit for any part of the State; very ornamental trees. 3/6 and 5/-.

Cape. Fast growing; useful for shelter; fruit small; culinary purposes only. 2/6.

Downings' Everbearing. Fruit long, juicy, rich; valuable for cooking only. 2/6.

Hicks' Everbearing. Rapid-growing shade tree; sweet sub-acid flavour. 2/6.

Nectarines

1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

Any well and deeply drained soil will suit Nectarines, but they cannot obtain perfection without abundance of moisture in Spring and Summer.

Albert Victor. Very large, delicious, yellowish white with a carmine blush. Ripens first week in January.

Cardinal. Very early; brilliant colour; prolific; freestone. Bright red.

Diamond Jubilee. Large scarlet, white flesh, mid-season. Slip.

Early Rivers. Large fruit; flesh tender, juicy. Freestone.

Elrue. Large fruit; skin greenish, dotted with red; rich, and very juicy.

Fertile de Poitou. Enormous fruit. Smooth skin with white flesh. Very juicy and sugary. Freestone.

Goldmine. Enormous fruit, juicy and melting. Excellent flavour. Mid-season.

Irrewarra. Highly coloured fruit with a splendid flavour. Freestone.

John Rivers. Large, highly coloured; very early, good flavour.

Lady Carrington. Thick, juicy flesh; skin, bright scarlet; ripe first and second weeks in January. Clingstone.

Lee's Seedling. Fruit large, richly flavoured. Early freestone.

Masterpiece. A large and most attractive nectarine. Skin, yellow, thickly overlaid with bright crimson; flesh, deep yellow, fine grained and juicy. Stone small. Ripens end of January.

New Boy. One of the best. Large fruit. Freestone.

River's Orange. Medium, yellow, red cheek, fine flavour, good bearer. Early, slip.

Stanwick's Seedling (Camden Superb). Fine freestone. Large, yellow, striped red.

W. C. Frupp. Large yellow, with red and yellow markings. Flesh, juicy. Late clingstone; good bearer.

We issue the following publications Free and Post Free—on application:

Bulb List—January/February.

General Catalogue—February/March.

Sweet Pea List—January/February.

Fruit Tree and Rose List—March/April.

Gladioli List—July.

Carnation List—July/August.

Dahlia and Chrysanthemum List—September/October.

Farm Seeds List—Monthly.

IS YOUR NAME ON OUR MAILING LIST?

Olives

Price: 2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

The following varieties are the most noted, either for their oil-producing qualities, or as being especially suitable for pickling.

Black Italian. The best variety for pickling; large size and good flavour.

Golemella. Crops heavily.

Hardy's Mammoth. An olive of good size and quality. This variety has a pronounced shy-bearing tendency.

Lucca. From this variety the famous Lucca Oil is made. Enormous cropper, and gives a high percentage of oil.

Macrocarpa. A medium to large-sized olive of good quality. Produces good crops fairly regularly.

Manzanillo. Large, roundish-oval, dark purple, good bearer, fruit tender. Ripens mid-April. For green or ripe pickles.

Nevadillo Blanco. A large-sized olive, of good quality, yielding a large percentage of good quality oil.

Picholine. Small, oval shape, bluish-black, prolific. For oil only.

Verdale. An oil variety, producing a large quantity of good quality oil. One of the hardiest.

Passion Fruit

Passiflora Edulis. The well-known Passion Fruit. 9d. each; 7/6 per doz. (in 3in. pots). From open ground. 1/6 per dozen, 10/- per 100. Special quotations for larger quantities.

Tacsonia Mollissima (Banana Passion Fruit), 1/6 each; 16/- doz.

Peaches

1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

Sandy loam is the best, but any soil will produce good Peaches (if it is well drained), in nearly every district in N.S.W. As the young trees make very strong growth during the Summer, it is desirable to rough prune them while they are growing; all strong, superfluous shoots or branches should be cut right out, and all long shoots which remain should be shortened back, the object being to induce the production of spurs or small wood which will yield the fruit. The Trees should be carefully gone over in the Winter, and the pruning finished.

CLINGSTONE—Varieties marked (C).

FREESTONE—Varieties marked (F).

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

RIPENING DURING NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

Admiral Dewey (F.). Early; yellow flesh.

Bell's November (F.). Ripe November; partial slipstone. Good variety for coastal areas.

Brigg's Red May (F.). Very best early peach.

Edward VII (F.). Ripens early in November. Good for coastal districts.

Flat China (F.). Early peach for market. Pale yellowish skin with pink markings.

Gainsboro (F.). Large fruit, prolific. Suitable for short season districts.

High's Early Canada (F.). Very large. Early.

Le Vainqueur (F.). Large and juicy. Very early. Skin, yellowish white. Good for canning.

Mayflower (F.). All red; good shipper. Early.

FREIGHT IS EXTRA

on all

FRUIT TREES AND PLANTS.

See Page 23.

PEACHES—(continued).

Prince Henry (F.). Ripens the middle of October, which is three weeks earlier than the next earliest variety—Watt's Champion. This slipstone variety has an excellent coloured skin and white flesh; heavy cropper and good, strong grower.

Watt's Champion (F.). A local production of great merit. It is a red freestone, ripening in favourable seasons before the end of October. Is a strong grower, very prolific. A splendid market variety.

SECOND EARLY VARIETIES

RIPEN DECEMBER-JANUARY.

Alton (F.). Heavy cropper and carries well.

Braddock's (F.). Flesh yellowish white, prolific; large. Suitable only for coastal districts.

Carmen (F.). White flesh, melting sweet.

Duffy's Christmas Box (F.). Large cream-flushed red. White flesh; good flavour; ripening Christmas.

Hale's Early (F.). High flavour; juicy; ripe Christmas.

Ruby Red Clingstone. Ripens early in January; heavy cropper. Flesh, white.

Wiggins (F.). Fine peach; ripens Christmas.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

RIPEN JANUARY-FEBRUARY.

Aunt Becky (F.). Large, early and prolific. Bright crimson skin and white flesh.

Blackburn Elberta (F.). Ripens two weeks earlier than Elberta. Good colour and in demand for market.

Early Crawford (F.). Rich yellow, ripens middle January.

Early Elberta (F.). Fruit as large as Elberta, colour and quality good. Good cropper.

Elberta (F.). Yellow fleshed; sweet; for dessert or canning.

J. H. Hale (F.). Half as big again as Elberta and a week earlier; a firmer and better colour.

Mountain Rose (F.). Large, bright red, white flesh, good. Ripens January.

Row's Champion Slip (F.). White flesh; very highly coloured. Ripens with Elberta.

Royal George (F.). One of the best; large, round and even. Ripens January.

Royal George Cling (C.). White, firm flesh. One of the best.

Shanghai Freestone (F.). A valuable variety; exquisite flavour. Good for market. Ripens January.

Shanghai Seedling. Large white, red cheek, white flesh.

Watton. Ripens about Christmas. Good colour and carrier.

LATE VARIETIES

RIPENING FEBRUARY, MARCH AND APRIL.

Golden Queen (C.). Heavy cropper; medium size, yellow at stone; good canning.

Kirshler Prize (C.). Similar to Royal George Cling; large size and excellent flavour. Ripens February.

Phillip Cling (C.). An enormous yellow-fleshed cling, in demand by factories.

Pullar Cling. Fine for canning; very large and highly coloured; good grower and heavy cropper. Ripens early March.

Pears

(ON SEEDLING PEAR STOCKS.)

1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

The climate, situation, soil, and cultural notes given for Apples will apply to Pears. Pears will not be in full bearing until the sixth year after planting, excepting such varieties as Bartlett, Keiffer's, and a few others, which frequently commence at second year after planting. To induce fruitfulness, we advise a judicious system of Summer pinching where practicable.

EARLY VARIETIES

Clapp's Favourite. Resembles "Bartlett." early. Very large yellow, good market type.
Williams' Bon Chretien. "The Bartlett Pear," good for canning, marketing and home use.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Beurre Bosc. Large, dark yellow with markings of cinnamon brown; white flesh.
Beurre de Capiaumont. Melting and sweet. Ripe early Autumn.
China. Good early cooking variety.
Fertility. Large, fine flavour. Good for market.
Howell. Medium, light, waxen-yellow, good quality; heavy bearer; good market variety.
Keiffer's Hybrid. Cross between Williams' Bon Chretien and China.
Packham's Triumph. A greatly improved Williams' Bon Chretien. Highly recommended for commercial or private use.

LATE VARIETIES

Bergamot (Bailey's). Medium size; good cropper.
Bergamot (Gansell's). Large, rich, melting.
Glou Morceau. Large oval, yellow, flesh buttery, good dessert.
Josephine de Malines. Medium, greenish, yellow, fine flavour, very juicy, good keeper, very late. Trees bear well.
Packham's Late. Heavy cropper.
Winter Bartlett. A duplicate of the old favourite; ripening three months later.
Winter Cole. Very richly flavoured. Late.
Winter Nelis. Rich; skin yellowish green covered with russet markings.
Vicar of Winkfield (Napoleon). Large, long pyriform; pale yellow flesh.

Persimmons

(DATE PLUMS.)

2/6 each; 27/- dozen.

A Tomato-shaped fruit with a thin skin; flesh, when ripe, delightfully sweet and luscious. Will grow in nearly any part of our State; prefers a warm climate, but will not be injured by slight frosts.

Dai Dai Maru. Large, orange skin; yellowish flesh; nearly seedless.
Hayakume. Early, oblong, large.
Kurokuma. Early; highly flavoured.
Nitaro. Beautiful colour; flat, square-shaped fruit, similar to "Dai Dai Maru."
Tanenashi. Yellow, oblong, seedless.
Tsuno Marghari. Good bearer, fair-sized fruit, late.
Yemon. Flattened; yellow.

Plums

(ON MYROBOLAN AND MARIANA STOCK.)

1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

Plums thrive in our cool highlands. Any good soil will suit them so long as the subsoil is porous and well drained. We highly recommend the beautiful Japanese varieties for quality and appearance. Plums require to have their long shoots stopped during the growing season so as to produce spur wood.

EARLY AND MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Angelina Burdett. Large, purple; most excellent for dessert and preserving; medium.
Diamond. Large, best preserving. Ripening mid-season.
Early Orleans. Medium, large purple; juicy, sweet. Freestone.
Excelsior (Jenkins). Improved Angelina Burdett.
Evan's Early. Juicy, rich, excellent. An enormous cropper.
Greengage. Medium size; flavour delicious, very juicy and melting.
Tibbit's Seedling. Medium size, dark skin. Enormous crop.

LATE VARIETIES

American Damsen. Clingstone; purple skin and greenish yellow flesh; juicy.
Coe's Golden Drop. Very large; excellent.
Grand Duke. Purple skin; yellow flesh.
Late Black Orleans. Medium size; skin black, blue bloom; flesh deep yellow; juicy clingstone.
Louthborough. Black; very prolific.
Magnum Bonum (White Egg). Very large oval fruit; skin and flesh deep yellow. Clingstone.
October Greengage. Twice as large as Greengage and earlier.
Pond's Seedling. Red; valuable.
President. Fruit is large, oblong-shaped, over 2in. long, beautiful purple colour; flesh firm and sweet.

Japanese Plums

(Same price as other Plums.)

(WORKED ON MARIANA AND MYROBOLAN PLUM AND APRICOT AND PEACH STOCKS.)

Balleana. Large early plum; skin light yellow with crimson markings; firm, pale yellow flesh; strong grower; freestone.
Beauty. Large round, dark flesh; long keeper. Ripens early December.
Burbank. Large, cherry red; flesh deep orange, juicy and sweet. Early.
Chalco. Deep reddish purple; yellow flesh. Large.
Climax. Early; fruit large; delicate flavour.
Cyca Smomo. Blood plum; earlier than Satsuma.
Doris. Bright red; juicy; fair size.
Early Gem. A very early variety; round fruit, medium size, amber flesh. Ripens early in November.
Early Jewel. Large; good cropper. Ripens late in November.
Kelsey. Valuable; one of the best. Large yellow. Late.
Narrabeen. Large, round; rather flattened; skin yellowish, covered dark red and yellow dots; flesh yellowish, juicy, very sugary, small stone; drooping habit but good grower; heavy cropper; good carrier. Ripens last week in January.

JAPANESE PLUMS—(continued).

- October Purple.** Fruit round; distinct flavour. Medium.
Santa Rosa. Flesh deep purplish crimson, with purple skin. Commences to ripen early December. Medium.
Satsuma. Blood plum; flesh dark red; heavy bearer. Late.
Shipper. Good cropper; hangs long time. Medium.
Shiro. Firm, yet juicy; light yellow; clingstone. Early.
Sultan. Firm, dark crimson, sub-acid.
Wickson. Excellent; keeps and ripens well.
Wilson's. Ripens middle of November, almost black when ripe; flesh yellow; heavy bearer. Early.
Wright's Early. Fine early plum, similar to "Burbank."

Prunes

(Same price as Plums.)

This list is specially recommended as giving the best varieties for drying.

- D'Agen.** Small, but unrivalled for drying.
Giant. The largest variety known; good for market.
Golden. Large, roundish oval; tough skin of a beautiful golden colour. Dries well.
Hungarian (Ponds). Yellowish skin marked with bright red. Large.
Robe de Sargent. Like Prune D'Agen, but large and better cropper.
Splendour. Large and sugary.
Sugar. Fruit even in size; large; rich in sugar, hence its name.

Quinces

1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

Most useful for preserves and culinary purposes generally; may be grown in poor soils, where ordinary fruits will fail; very hardy; makes a fine tree when fully grown.

- Bereczki.** Large golden yellow, smooth, flesh white, prolific. Late.
Champion. Large and good. Late.
Giant of Lescovas. Large yellow. Flesh, white. Prolific variety. Mid-season.
Large Portugal. Very large; good.
Master's Early. Earliest of all; large.
Missouri Mammoth. Pleasant flavour.
Rea's Mammoth. Large fruit; round. Early.
Smyrna. Large, yellow, tender, prolific. Mid-season.
Van Dieman. Superior quality.
Zucker (Sugar). The sweetest of all quinces; very good when preserved.

Miscellaneous Fruits

Postage extra.

- Cyphomandra Betacea.** Tree Tomato. Delicious fruit for dessert. One tree is usually sufficient for a home garden. 1/6 each.
Hovenia Dulcis (Chinese Raisin). Flavour resembles Muscatel Raisin. It forms a handsome small tree; delicious 2 6
Mango 3 6
Papaw 2 6
Pineapple 2 0
Pomegranate (Punica Granatum) 2 0

NUTS

The majority of nut-bearing trees make attractive specimens; profitable crops can be grown where the soil and climate are suitable. It is advisable to plant two or more of a sort to provide cross-pollination.

Postage or Carriage is extra on all Fruit Trees and Berry Plants. See page 23

Almonds

1/9 each; 18/- per dozen.

It is not advisable to plant Almonds in districts where severe frosts occur in the late Spring, as the frosts would be likely to injure the flowers and prove fatal to the crop. They thrive and produce the best crops on a variety of soils, provided they have been well drained. A light, sandy loam will suit them best. Almonds are a profitable crop to grow, and are well worth the orchardist's consideration.

The successful pollination of almond blossom results in profitable crops, and the following table should be followed when selecting varieties:

Varieties marked "A" will pollinate each other.
 "B" will pollinate each other.
 "C" will pollinate each other.

Those varieties "BC" such as Hatch's Nonpareil will pollinate with varieties in Class "B" or "C."

- Brande's Jordan (A).** Large; good bearer.
Burbank's Seedling (C). Hardy and heavy cropper.
Early Jordan (A). Large; paper shell, upright grower.
Eureka (C). Heavy cropper; paper shell.
Golden State (C). Heavy and regular bearer with smooth kernel.
I.X.L. (B). Nuts, large; soft shell.
Hatch's Nonpareil (BC). A very fine almond; large kernel and very thin shell.
Large Paper Shell (AB). The common variety.
White Nonpareil (C). Strong grower; heavy cropper; nuts very large.

Chestnut

- Japanese.** Produces good nuts when only 4 years old. 2/6.
Spanish (Castanea Vesca). A fine, stately tree, magnificent foliage; fruits freely; succeeds admirably in our cooler districts. 3/- each. 33/- dozen.

Filbert

(HAZEL NUT.)

2/6 each; 27/6 dozen.

Thrive well on the mountains between the coast and the Riverina. They will grow well, but produce little fruit in the immediate neighbourhood of our coast. At Braidwood, and even at Picton, Berrima, Hartley, Mudgee and Bathurst, they bear well.

- Northampton Prolific.**
Red Skin. Excellent flavour.
White Skin. Similar to above.

Macadamia

(QUEENSLAND NUT.)

2/- each; 22/- dozen.

Magnificent evergreen tree, a handsome subject even without the crops of round sweet nuts produced in greatest abundance when once the trees become established (7-8 years). Would make a most profitable special line for orchardists and home gardeners, as the nuts sell very rapidly. Likes a warm climate and some little protection for the first couple of years. Both varieties are worthy of cultivation.

- Integrifolia.** Smooth leaved variety. Nuts, medium thick shell. Heavy cropper.
Ternifolia. Thinner shell than Integrifolia; good bearer, round nut.

NUTS—(continued).

Pecan

(CARYA OLIVAFORMIS.)

A most delicious nut which comes into bearing in 8 years. Requires a deep, loamy soil, also an ample supply of water; fine shade tree. Deciduous.

Grafted Plants—

We have a number of varieties available. These we recommend, as they produce larger nuts. **7/6 each.**

Seedlings. From selected nuts. **2/6 and 3/6.**

Walnut

2/6 each; 27/- dozen.

These delicious nuts can be produced in any climate suitable for the Spanish Chestnut, and even in colder districts.

Chaberte. Large kernels. Very fine flavour.

Juglans Cordiformis. A flat variety; heavy bearing.

Juglans Regia (English or Persian). A fine, handsome tree; good cropper.

Juglans Sieboldtii (Japanese). Nuts borne in clusters; very hardy.

BERRIES

Postage or Freight is extra on all Berry-producing Plants.

Blackberries

The bushes form an admirable thick, prickly hedge, and its fruit is most useful as dessert or for preserves. Quick growing; not particular to soil or climate.

Dewberry (Lucretia). One of the very best of this attractive class of fruit berries; large and handsome, and shining jet black; of delicious quality. **Price, 1/- each.**

Himalayan. Beautiful, fine foliage. **2/- each.**

Laughton. Large, excellent flavour. **1/- each.**

White Crystal. Clear golden yellow form of blackberry. **1/- each.**

Youngberries

Large, firm, deep wine-coloured berries; change to jet black as they ripen. The exquisite flavour suggests a combination of raspberry, blackberry and dewberry. Extremely vigorous vines produce heavy crops. Berries practically seedless—excellent for jam or jelly.

Plant 7 feet apart on wire trellises or fences in a sunny, well-drained position.

Plants strong and well-rooted, **1/6 each.**

Currants

1/- each; 10/- per dozen.

We can supply all the best varieties in Blacks, Reds and whites.

Gooseberries

1/- each; 10/- per dozen.

Special Quotes 100 and 1,000 lots.

We can supply a large quantity of this useful cold climate fruit in red, yellow and green varieties. In the leading commercial varieties, such as Crown Bob and Roaring Lion.

Loganberries

1/- each; 10/- per dozen.

Fruit like large Blackberry, produced in clusters; dark red colour. A highly desirable fruit for jams or preserves.

Raspberries

6d. each; 5/- per doz.; 35/- per 100.

A really useful fruit, and of easy culture in the colder districts of the State.

Antwerp Red. Large, fine flavour.

Cuthbert. Sturdy grower; red.

Northumberland Fillbasket (Thornless). Deep red; good size and flavour.

Victoria. Large, red; excellent. Late.

Strawberries

Postage in New South Wales on all Strawberry Plants, **9d. per doz.; 2/- per 100 extra.**

Special Quotations for Larger Quantities.

CRESWELL'S SEEDLING. Good for warm districts; large long fruit of a bright, glossy red colour; early; will crop right up to May. **1/- doz., 7/- 100.**

DOUGLAS SPECIAL. A strong growing, heavy cropping variety that is ideal for both private and commercial growers. The fruits are large, luscious, and of excellent flavour and texture; ripening to a rich red colour all over. Fruit carries well. **1/- doz.; 7/- 100.**

ETTERSBURGH, No. 89. Fruit large, very firm, good carrier. **1/- doz.; 7/- 100.**

FENDELINO IMPROVED. A vigorous growing variety, bearing fruit of a very bright scarlet colour. It is a splendid variety for market, as well as the home garden. Produces large crops well into the summer. Strong plants. **1/- doz.; 7/- 100.**

HAWKESBURY. The growth of this variety might almost be regarded as bush form, so strong and sturdy, and so freely branching are the plants. The berries are particularly large and shapely, of rich, glowing strawberry red colour, and of the most delicious flavour; in addition to this, they are held well off the ground and can be gathered with the greatest ease. The plants require to be in rows 2½ feet apart and 18 inches at least between the plants to allow of full development. The most notable introduction for some years. **2/- doz.; 10/- 100.**

RAILWAY REGULATION

The attention of our customers is drawn to the fact that parcels under 14lbs. in weight cannot be despatched by goods train.



Strawberries are delectable dessert fruits, easy to grow, and suited for almost every climate. We offer well rooted plants of specially chosen varieties.

KING EDWARD VII. Berries extra large, produced in bunches; heavy and constant cropper; bears from September to May. **1/- doz.; 7/- 100.**

MASON'S IMMENSE. One of the largest strawberries ever put on the market. Berries of fine flavour and bright red colour. Crops very freely. Plants vigorous and quite hardy in all soils. This variety is self-pollinating. **1/- doz.; 7/- per 100.**

PHENOMENAL. One of the earliest to come into bearing. The large berries are of splendid flavour and colour. Withstands heat and dry conditions with excellent effect, therefore recommended for the drier districts. **1/- doz.; 7/- 100.**

RHODES SPECIAL. Especially good for Spring and Autumn crops, and in the coastal districts bears even during the Winter months. The fruit is light red in colour, of good shape, and produced freely. The flavour is excellent. Plants of this variety, **1/- doz.; 7/- 100.**

WARRAWEE. A heavy and continuous cropper, and the berries are of extra large size. The colour is brilliant deep scarlet and the flavour is superb. **Bears all the year round** in frost-free places. **1/- doz.; 7/- 100.**

Treatment of Fruit Trees

When Fruit Trees are received from our Nursery, we suggest that the entire parcel be immersed in water and left until thoroughly saturated—a process which will take a quarter of an hour to 20 minutes. The plants may be then left safely, even for 24 hours before planting, without suffering any damage.

See that the holes are prepared ready to receive the plants before the parcel is untied, and that during the process of planting, the roots are covered either with wet paper or wet sacking to prevent drying out. This covering is, of course, removed before the plant is placed in the hole. Torn or broken roots should be clean-cut with a sharp knife or pair of secateurs, and any branches that might be damaged should also be taken away.

In frosty districts, it would be advisable to protect young trees, particularly Citrus, for a few weeks until danger of frost-burn is over.

Certain named varieties of Fruit Trees and Grape Vines become sold out quite early in the season, and we would appreciate it if our customers indicated a second choice when sending for Fruit Trees or Vines. If no varieties are named, we use our own discretion, and send those kinds which we consider would be best for the district from which the order comes.

Where the selection of Grape Vines is left to us, we will certainly send kinds which would give best results in that particular district.

Once again, we would draw the attention of our Queensland customers to the Government regulation prohibiting us from sending Grape Vines of any kind into Queensland. With regard to Citrus Fruits, existing regulations prevent us from sending some kinds to Queensland. These prohibited varieties are clearly marked on page 16 against the individual kinds.

Freight on Fruit Trees

Carriage or postage is extra on all fruit trees. It is a difficult matter to tabulate costs for all quantities and towns, but the following notes will be a guide:—

Lots weighing up to, say, 14lb. are best sent by passenger train, freight pre-paid. For rates, please see inside back cover.

Parcels over 14lb. are best sent by single package goods (a specially cheap rate applying up to 140lb.). In this case, freight may be paid at destination, except in the case of unattended platforms.

Twelve fruit trees weigh 12 to 18lb. packed. For scale of charges, please see inside back cover.

Fifty fruit trees weigh about 56lb. packed. These would be sent by goods train, freight payable at destination.

We forward parcels promptly and advise despatch. Any difference in charges will be adjusted.

In every case, Roses and Fruit Trees will be sent by the cheapest possible method, whether post or rail, unless specific instructions are given by the customer.

Control of Pests and Diseases

When choosing an Insecticide for this purpose remember that an efficient article is worth infinitely more than one which only half does the work. Prices on application.

SPRAYING TABLE

PEST	SPRAY TO USE	TIME TO SPRAY	REMARKS
CODLIN MOTH	COOPER'S ARSINETTE	When the blossom falls and then every 3 weeks	Attacks apples, pears, quinces, etc.
CATERpillars, GRUBS, LEAF-EATING BEETLES	ARSINETTE KATAKILLA DRYMACE	Whenever observed.	Attacks flowers, vegetables, etc.
APHIS, GREEN FLY, etc.	KATAKILLA ALBOLEUM DRYMACE	Whenever observed.	Attacks peaches, cherries, roses and other plants. Multiply very rapidly.
RED SCALE, OLIVE SCALE, WHITE ROSE SCALE, etc.	ALBOLEUM	January, February, and again if necessary.	Attacks oranges, lemons and many garden shrubs.
WHITE LOUSE	ALBOLEUM or LIME SULPHUR	December, January, and again if necessary.	Attacks limbs of citrus and other shrubs.
WHITE WAX, PINK WAX	ALBOLEUM with Washing Soda	December and January.	Dilute soda before adding to the diluted Alboleum.
RED SPIDER, MITES, etc.	ALBOLEUM DRYMACE	When observed.	Attacks fruit trees and other shrubs, sucking sap from the foliage.
FRUIT FLY	Traps containing a lure, or a poison lure as a spray	Every week when fruit is nearing maturity.	Particulars on application.
LEAF CURL on PEACHES	BORDINETTE	Just before blossom time.	Curles and distorts the leaves of peaches and nectarines.
SHOT HOLE, SCAB of Apricots	BORDINETTE	Autumn, and again before blossom time.	Leaves are riddled with holes and fruit left "scabby"; also attacks plums.
SPOT OF ROSES, MILDEW OF ROSES	BORDINETTE with ALBOLEUM COLLOIDAL SULPHUR	Late Winter, and again in Summer. Frequently during Summer.	Bushes which are periodically sprayed with Alboleum seldom develop spot or mildew.
DOWNY MILDEW OF VINE	BORDINETTE	When shoots have 8 or 10 leaves and again after heavy rain.	Small dewy spots appear on leaves and fruit rots. Spraying must be preventive.
SCAB OF LEMON MELANOSE OF CITRUS	BORDINETTE with ALBOLEUM	When main blossom commences to fall.	Make full dilution of Bordinette, then dilute Alboleum before mixing.
WOOLLY APHIS	ALBOLEUM	Spray in Winter; again in Summer if necessary.	Attacks apple trees.
BROWN ROT OF STONE FRUITS, MILDEWS, etc.	COOPER'S COLLOIDAL SULPHUR	All the year.	Plants and trees should be sprayed frequently, and particularly during the early stages of growth.
FUNGOID DISEASES IN SOIL	ANDERSON'S SOIL STERILISER	When preparing soil.	Sterilising of the soil should be done about 1 month before planting.

COOPER'S BORDINETTE

This is a prepared Bordeaux Powder for the prevention and control of fungoid diseases attacking all kinds of vegetation. It mixes readily in cold water.

Sizes	Price
56-lb. drums at	10d. lb.
28-lb. drums at	10d. lb.
4-lb. tins, each	5/-
½-lb. tins, each	1/3

COOPER'S ALBOLEUM

This is a white oil emulsion for safe use on garden plants, shrubs and citrus trees, at any season. It controls Red Scale, White Wax, Aphis, White Louse, Rose Scale, etc.

Sizes	Price
40-gal. drums at ..	5/- per gal.
5-gal. drums at ..	5/3 per gal.
2-gal. drums at ..	6/3 per gal.
1-gal. tins	6/3 each
1-pt. tins	2/6 each
½-pt. tins	1/6 each

COOPER'S COLLOIDAL SULPHUR

An entirely new form of Sulphur which is non-poisonous, odourless, safe and inexpensive. Can be used on all classes of vegetation for prevention of Moulds, Mildews, Rusts, etc.

Sizes	Price
8-oz. jars, each	2/9
(To make 25 galls.)	
4-oz. jars, each	1/9
(To make 12½ galls.)	

RAILWAY

CURRENT PASSENGER TRAIN STAMPED PARCELS (PREPAID) RATES (OWNER'S RISK), NEW SOUTH WALES.

Miles	NOT EXCEEDING																				Each 28lb. after
	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	4 lb.	5 lb.	6 lb.	7 lb.	8 lb.	9 lb.	10 lb.	11 lb.	12 lb.	13 lb.	14 lb.	28 lb.	42 lb.	56 lb.	84 lb.	112 lb.		
25	d. 5	d. 5	s. d. 5	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 10	s. d. 13	s. d. 18	s. d. 22	s. d. 26	s. d. 30	
50	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
75	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
100	6	7	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
125	6	8	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
150	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
175	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
200	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
250	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
300	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
350	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
400	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
500	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
600	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
700	6	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	

CASH-ON-DELIVERY SYSTEM.—Parcels may be sent under the Cash-on-delivery System (C.O.D.) to any attended Station in New South Wales. The additional charge is at the rate of **4d.** per **£1** or part thereof (minimum **6d.**).

PARCELS UNDER 14LB. ARE NOT ACCEPTED FOR CARRIAGE BY GOODS TRAIN.

ANDERSON & CO.

PTY. LTD.

Seedsman since 1863

399 George Street, Sydney
Orchards Bldgs., Quay Street, Sydney
90 Parramatta Road, Summer Hill
